

Uniform Crime Reporting Crime Records Service Texas Department of Public Safety

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Annual Report of 1999 UCR Data Collection:

Crime in Texas 1999 Overview

The number of major crimes committed in Texas decreased slightly in 1999, according to data compiled by the Texas Department of Public Safety, Uniform Crime Reporting Program.

Crime volume was down by 0.06 percent in 1999 compared with 1998. Of the seven index crimes, robbery, aggravated assault and theft showed slight increases.

Despite an increase in overall volume of violent crimes, murder decreased 9.3 percent, from 1,343 cases in 1998 to 1,218 cases in 1999.

Property crime declined from 898,291 offenses in 1998 to 896,817 for 1999.

The crime rate – the number of crimes per 100,000 population in Texas – declined 1.5 percent in 1999. The violent crime rate was 561.0 compared with 564.7 the year before – a 0.7 percent drop. The property crime rate decreased 1.6 percent, from 4564.0 in 1998 to 4474.2 in 1999.

The total arrests in Texas declined 2.3 percent in 1999. The number of juvenile arrests dropped 10.2 percent, while adult arrests declined 0.8 percent. Although overall arrests were down, DWI and drug abuse violations increased 9.8 percent and 5.0 percent respectively.

The Texas Uniform Crime Reporting Program also collects statistics on hate crimes and family violence incidents. In 1999, Texas law enforcement agencies reported 267 incidents of hate crime involving 262 victims and 302 offenders. Also, 177,176 incidents of family violence were reported involving 192,202 victims and 186,265 offenders.

Statistical Crime Analysis Index Crimes

To track variations in crime, UCR summarizes crime information as the Crime Index. The seven crimes that make up the Crime Index are murder, rape, robbery, aggravated as-

sault, burglary, theft and motor vehicle theft. For each of these crimes, UCR collects reports of crimes, while for non-Index crimes the program tracks only reports of actual arrests.

Index Crime Volume

The total estimated number of Index Crimes reported for 1999 was 1,009,253. This volume of crime represents a decrease of 0.06 percent when compared to 1998.

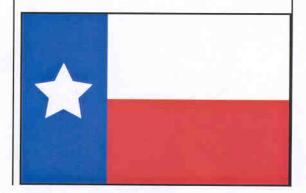
Index Crime Rate

The crime rate reported by UCR is defined as the number of crimes committed per 100,000 population. This mechanism allows comparisons between periods of time to be made without being affected by population swings. For 1999, the Texas Index Crime Rate was 5035.2 crimes per 100,000 population. This rate decreased 1.5 percent compared to 1998. The crime rate is based on the 1999 Texas population of 20,044,000.

Property Value

The value of property stolen during the commission of Index Crimes in 1999 was more than \$1.5 billion.

The value of stolen property recovered by Texas law enforcement agencies in 1999 was more than \$598 million.



Texas Crime Volume By Offense

Offense	1999	1998	% Change
Murder	1,218	1,343	-9.3%
Rape	7,629	7,914	-3.6%
Robbery	29,424	28,672	+2.6%
Aggravated Assault	74,165	73,648	+0.7%
VIOLENT CRIME TOTAL	112,436	111,577	+0.8%
Burglary	190,347	194,872	-2.3%
Theft	614,478	606,805	+1.3%
Motor Vehicle Theft	91,992	96,614	-4.8%
PROPERTY CRIME TOTAL	896,817	898,291	-0.2%
INDEX CRIME TOTAL	1,009,253	1,009,868	-0.06%

Arson

In 1999, reported arson offenses decreased 0.7 percent from 1998. Property damage from arson was reported at over \$111 million in 1999.

- 8,397 arsons in 1999
- 8,457 arsons in 1998

Texas Peace Officers Killed or Assaulted

- Five Texas law enforcement officers were killed feloniously in the line of duty due to criminal action during 1999.
- Three Texas law enforcement officers were killed in duty-related accidents during 1999.
- There was a 0.4 percent decrease in the number of assaults on Texas officers in 1999 when compared to 1998.
- 5,018 Texas officers were assaulted in 1999.
- 5,039 Texas officers were assaulted in 1998.

TEXAS ARREST TOTALS				
Texas Arrests	1999	1998	% Change	
Murder	855	912	-6.3%	
Aggravated Assault	22,211	22,726	-2.3%	
Motor Vehicle Theft	9,320	9,896	-5.8%	
Driving Under the Influence	92,895	84,570	+9.8%	
Drunkenness	160,346	166,604	-3.8%	
Drug Possession	95,610	90,684	+5.4%	
Sale & Manufacturing	10,906	10,746	+1.5%	
Total Drug Offenses	106,516	101,430	+5.0%	
Weapons; Carrying-Possessing	11,759	12,795	-8.1%	
State Total	1,073,388	1,099,09	-2.3%	

Texas Crime Rate by Offense

Offense	1999	1998	% Change
Murder	6.1	6.8	-10.3%
Rape	38.1	40.1	-5.0%
Robbery	146.8	145.1	+1.2%
Aggravated Assault	370.0	372.7	-0.7%
VIOLENT CRIME TOTAL	561.0	564.7	-0.7%
Burglary	949.6	986.2	-3.7%
Theft	3065.6	3070.9	-0.2%
Motor Vehicle Theft	459.0	488.9	-6.1%
PROPERTY CRIME TOTAL	4474.2	4546.0	-1.6%
INDEX CRIME TOTAL	5035.2	5110.7	-1.5%

The UCR Program

In an effort to quantify the increases and decreases in the number of crimes committed in Texas, the Uniform Crime Reporting program (UCR) collects reports of crimes and arrests from Texas law enforcement agencies. This information is printed in Crime in Texas and in periodic special news releases.

Data Estimation

Although the Texas UCR program enjoys a high rate of participation among Texas' law enforcement community, not every agency reports its crime information. To provide data that is comparable to other years, it is necessary to estimate the information for non-reporting agencies. In 1999, 950 law enforcement agencies participated in the UCR program.

Year	Juveniles	% Change	Adults	% Change
1999	155,925	-10.3	917,463	-0.8
1998	173,905	-4.3	925,189	-1.8
1997	181,625	-2.4	942,223	+0.4
1996	186,103	+1.7	938,758	+1.3
1995	182,956	+2.4	926,791	-1.7
1994	178,677	+15.6	942,481	+3.1
1993	154,524	+11.5	914,404	+2.2
1992	138,620	+3.8	894,739	+2.9
1991	133,569	+7.6	869,512	-0.7
1990	124,135	+12.0	875,805	+10.3
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Hate Crime

The Texas Hate Crime Act defines hate crimes as crimes motivated by prejudice and hatred including incidents for which statistics are kept under the federal Hate Crimes Statistics Act. The federal law defines hate crimes as crimes that manifest evidence of prejudice based on race, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity or disability.

The Texas Hate Crimes Act directed every law enforcement agency within Texas to report bias offenses to the Department of Public Safety.

Volume

The total number of reported Texas hate crime incidents in 1999 was 267. This represents a decrease of 15.5 percent when compared to 1998. Theses incidents involved 262 victims, 302 offenders, and resulted in a total of 286 offenses.

HATE CRIME	1999	1998	% Change
Reported Incidents	267	316	-15.5%
Reported Victims	262	299	-12.4%
Reported Offenders	302	375	-19.5%
Reported Offenses	286	330	-13.3%

Bias Motivation

The largest percentage of hate crime reports were racial in nature. The second most commonly reported bias motivation was sexual orientation. The third most common form of hate crime was religious, the fourth most common bias was ethnicity/national origin, and the fifth most common bias was disability.

Bias Nature	Group %	Bias Type	Volume	% of Total
		Anti-White	35	12.2%
		Anti-Black	126	44.1%
Racial	58.7%	Anti-Am. Indian/Alaskan Native	3	1.0%
		Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander	2	0.7%
		Anti-Multi Racial	2	0.7%
		Anti-Male Homosexual	42	14.7%
Sexual		Anti-Female Homosexual	10	3.5%
Orienta-	22.0%	Anti-Homo. (Male & Female)	11	3.9%
tion		Anti-Heterosexual	0	0.0%
	*	Anti-Bisexual	0	0.0%
		Anti-Jewish	20	7.0%
		Anti-Catholic	0	0.0%
		Anti-Protestant	3	1.0%
Religious	10.2%	Anti-Islamic (Moslem)	ï	0.4%
		Anti-Other Religion	4	1.4%
		Anti-Multi-Religious	1	0.4%
		Anti-Atheist/Agnostic	0	0.0%
Ethnicity/		Anti-Arab	5	1.7%
National	8.7%	Anti-Hispanic	20	7.0%
Origin		Anti-Other Ethnic\Nat'l Origin	0	0.0%
Disability	0.4%	Anti-Physical	1	0.4%
V2.01		Anti-Mental	0	0.0%
Total	100%	Total	286	100%

Location

Residences and homes were the most frequently occurring locations of bias crimes during 1999. The second most common locations were highways, roads, streets and alleys, and the third most common were schools and colleges.

Location	Volume	%
Air/Bus/Train Terminal	j	0.4%
Bank/Saving and Loan	0	0.0%
Bar/Night Club	5	1.7%
Church/Synagogue/Temple	8	2.8%
Commercial/Office Bldg	6	2.1%
Construction Site	0	0.0%
Convenience Store	5	1.7%
Department/Discount Store	2	0.7%
Drug Store/Doctor's Office/Hospital	2	0.7%
Field/Woods	1	0.4%
Government/Public Bldg	3	1.0%
Grocery/Supermarket	0	0.0%
Highway/Road/Street/Alley	66	23.1%
Hotel/Motel	5	1.7%
Jail/Prison	3	1.0%
Lake/Waterway	0	0.0%
Liquor Store	0	0.0%
Parking Lot/Garage	27	9.4%
Rental Storage Facility	ő	0.0%
Residence/Home	100	35.0%
Restaurant	5	1.7%
School/College	34	11.9%
Service/Gas Station	2	0.7%
Specialty Store	ï	0.4%
Other/Unknown	10	3.5%
TOTAL	286	100%



Offenders

In 1999, 302 offenders were involved in incidents of hate crimes. Hate crime incidents can be perpetrated by multiple offenders. The following chart displays the suspected offenders' race totaling to 267.

HATE CRIME OFFENDERS BY INCIDENT

Suspected Offenders Races	Number	%
White	149	55.8%
Black	27	10.1%
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0.0%
Asian/Pacific Islander	2	0.8%
Multi-Racial Group	4	1.5%
Unknown	85	31.8%
TOTAL	267	100%

Victims

Information on the victims of hate crimes is limited to victim type. While the bias motivation information identifies the offender's bias, the victim may not actually belong to the group the offender sought to harm. For this reason, information on the victim's group membership is not recorded.

Victim type, in the hate crime data collection program, is listed as: individual, business, financial institution, government, religious organization, society/public, other and unknown. Of the victim types, individuals were the main hate crime target.

HATE CRIME VICTIM TYPE BY OFFENSE

Victim Type	Number	%
Individual	202	70.6%
Business	8	2.8%
Financial Institution	0	0.0%
Government	4	1.4%
Religious Organization	6	2.1%
Society/Public	12	4.2%
Other	54	18.9%
Unknown	0	0.0%
TOTAL	286	100%

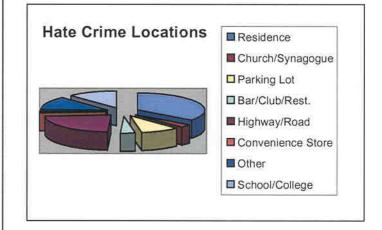
Offenses

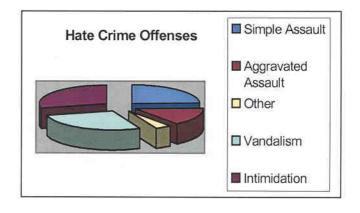
Offenses in the hate crime data collection program are defined in accordance with federal Uniform Crime Reporting definitions and do not necessarily conform to Texas state definitions. Complete offense definitions are available in the Crime in Texas annual publication or from UCR upon request.

Hate crime offense information falls into the eight index crimes – murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny theft, motor vehicle theft and arson—

plus simple assault, intimidation, and vandalism. Of these offense categories, aggravated assault, simple assault, intimidation and vandalism accounted for 96 percent of all bias crime offenses in 1999.

Offenses	Volume	%
Murder	0	0.0%
Rape	0	0.0%
Robbery	4	1.4%
Aggravated Assault	43	15.0%
Burglary	4	1.4%
Larceny Theft	1	0.4%
Motor Vehicle Theft	Ĩ.	0.4%
Arson	1	0.4%
Simple Assault	70	24.5%
Intimidation	83	29.0%
Vandalism	79	27.6%
TOTAL	286	100%





FAMILY VIOLENCE

The Texas Family Code defines family violence as an act by a member of a family or household against another member that is intended to result in physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or a threat that reasonably places the member in fear of imminent physical harm. The law excludes the reasonable discipline of a child. By definition "Family" includes individuals related by consanguinity (blood) or affinity, marriage or former marriage, biological parents of the same child, foster children, foster parents, and members or former members of the same household (including roomates).

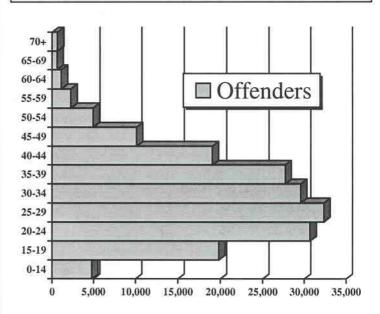
Family Violence				
	1999	1998	% Change	
Reported Incidents	177,176	175,725	+0.8%	
Reported Victims	192,202	191,324	+0.5%	
Reported Offenders	186,265	187,412	-0.6%	

Relation- ship Type	Group %	Relationship of Offender	Percent o
		Husband	5.7%
30.00		Wife	25.8%
Marital	56.2%	Common-Law-Husband	3.3%
		Common-Law-Wife	17.4%
		Ex-Husband	0.8%
10-11-		Ex-Wife	3.2%
		Father	1.9%
		Mother	5.0%
		Son	2.4%
Parental/	15.7%	Daughter	3.4%
Child		Stepfather	0.8%
		Stepmother	0.3%
		Step-Son	0.8%
		Step-Daughter	1.0%
		Foster Parent	0.05%
		Foster Child	0.02%
0.00		Grandfather	0.1%
		Grandmother	0.3%
		Grandson	0.09%
		Granddaughter	0.2%
		Brother	2.9%
		Sister	3.7%
Other	28.1%	Step-Brother	0.1%
Family		Step-Sister	0.1%
		Male Roommate	2.8%
		Female Roommate	8.4%
		Male In-Law	1.1%
		Female In-Law	1.4%
		Other Male Fam Member	2.1%
		Other Female Fam Member	4.5%
		Unknown Relationship – Male	0.07%
		Unknown Relationship – Femal	0.2%

Offenders

In 1999, a reported 186,265 offenders were involved in incidents of family violence.

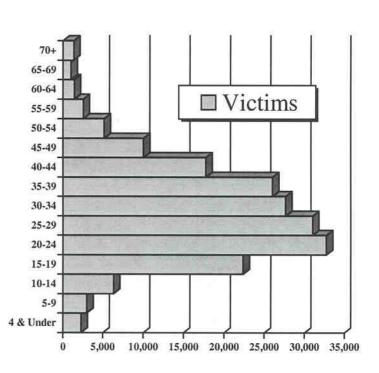
Family Violence Offenders by Known Age



Victims

Incidents of family violence in 1999 involved a reported 192,202 victims.

Family Violence Victims by Known Age



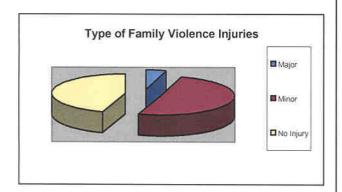
Officers

Potential assaults on peace officers are a serious problem inherent to police intervention and investigation of family violence. In 1999, during the course of reported family violence incidents, 564 Texas law officers were assaulted. By contrast, during this same period 5,018 assaults were made on law officers during all types of police activity.

Offenses

Family violence offense information falls into six general categories: assaults, homicides, kidnapping/abductions, robberies, forcible sex offenses, and non-forcible sex offenses. Of the six main categories, assaults accounted for 98 percent of all offenses.

Family Violence Offenses						
Туре	Group	Offense	% 15.6%			
		Aggravated Assault				
Assaults	98.1%	Simple Assault	72.1%			
		Intimidation	10.4%			
		Murder & Nonnegligent Manslaugh-	0.08%			
Homicides	0.09%	Negligent Manslaughter	0.004%			
		Justifiable Homicide	0.001%			
Kidnapping	0.1%	Kidnapping/Abduction	0.1%			
Robbery	0.1%	Robbery	0.1%			
	Harrie A	Forcible Rape	0.5%			
Forcible		Forcible Sodomy	0.2%			
Sex Offenses	1.5%	Sexual Assault with Object	0.08%			
		Forcible Fondling	0.7%			
Non-Forcible		Incest	0.04%			
Sex Offenses	0.07%	Statutory Rape	0.03%			

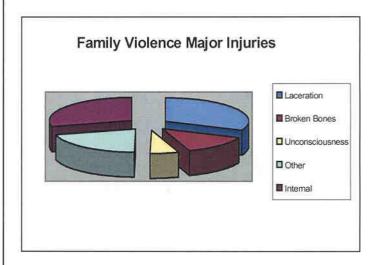


Injuries

Considering the injuries sustained by victims of family violence, it should be noted that the police officer who responds to the disturbance call determines the extent of injuries. Therefore, all injuries are considered to be apparent injuries at the time of the report. If later medical attention indicates that the injuries were more or less severe than noted by the responding officer, this information is not included in the family violence report. The majority of reported injuries (51 percent) were minor; in 45 percent of family violence reports "no injury" was recorded.

Major injuries were reported in 4 percent of the cases.

Of the apparent major injuries, severe lacerations were the most common at 32 percent, possible internal injuries were reported in 29 percent of the reports; and apparent broken bones were noted in 13 percent of the cases.



Weapons

The most common weapon involved in family violence cases was physical force through the use of hands, feet and fists (strong arm), which accounts for 76 percent of the incidents. The Texas Family Violence law considers the use of threats and intimidation to be serious enough to report and, thus, 10 percent of the reports were listed as involving no weapons. Knives or cutting instruments (4 percent), blunt objects (3 percent), firearms (2 percent) and other (5 percent) account for the remaining cases. Considered as other weapons were motor vehicles, poison, explosives, fire, drugs, unknown, and miscellaneous weapons.



Crime In Texas Cities 50,000 to 100,000 Population 1999 vs 1998

Agency	Year	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft	Total	% Change
Baytown PD	1999 1998	3	42 28	88 59	140 154	553 610	2,188 2,208	239 321	3,253 3,383	-3,8%
Bedford PD	1999 1998	0	24 16	23 27	75 88	246 272	1,172 1,057	111 113	1,651 1,574	+4.9%
Bryan PD	1999 1998	2 3	71 51	57 52	257 275	769 890	2,738 2,614	209 171	4,103 4,056	+1.2%
College Station PD	1999 1998	2 0	35 37	14 30	73 64	273 414	1,928 1,938	97 48	2,422 2,531	-4.3%
Denton PD	1999 1998	2	51 45	74 48	196 223	530 496	2,305 2,595	139 160	3,297 3,568	-7.6%
Galveston PD	1999 1998	7 8	34 40	174 166	253 151	936 841	3,301 3,602	557 502	5,262 5,310	-0.9%
Harlingen PD	1999 1998	1 0	21 0	58 59	270 246	837 827	2,460 2,451	187 255	3,834 3,838	-0.1%
Killeen PD	1999 1998	2 10	52 63	113 143	362 357	1,290 1,292	2,935 3,191	256 248	5,010 5,304	-5.5%
Lewisville PD	1999 1998	2 2	29 16	41 46	107 91	489 446	2,314 2,393	254 243	3,236 3,237	0.0%
Longview PD	1999 1998	6 4	62 85	121	204 271	889 871	3,063 3,145	442 435	4,787 4,950	-3.3%
Missouri City PD	1999 1998	0	13 14	44 44	43 41	324 354	912 758	69 78	1,405 1,289	+9.0%
North Richland Hills PD	1999 1998	0	17 6	27 46	71 79	327 343	1,603 1,654	201 193	2,246 2,321	-3.2%
Odessa PD	1999 1998	4 3	10 20	82 85	464 720	931 935	3,101 3,656	190 228	4,782 5,647	-15.3%
Port Arthur PD	1999 1998	5 8	24 28	126 123	271 301	752 939	1,433 1,426	296 297	2,907 3,122	-6.9%
Richardson PD	1999 1998	6 2	12 9	76 54	173 168	703 599	2,453 2,366	221 229	3,644 3,427	+6.3%
Round Rock PD	1999 1998	0	20 15	20 19	51 78	160 178	722 787	80 53	1,053 1,130	-6.8%
San Angelo PD	1999 1998	4 4	62 46	31 31	264 249	656 730	3,263 3,863	134 172	4,414 5,095	-13.4%
Sugar Land PD	1999 1998	1 2	3 5	61 43	46 46	303 274	1,439 1,545	105 129	1,958 2,044	-4.2%
Temple PD	1999 1998	1 5	22 7	49 69	124 142	620 517	2,106 2,455	263 271	3,185 3,466	-8.1%
Victoria PD	1999 1998	2 5	25 24	61 37	354 362	650 673	2,178 2,061	105 121	3,375 3,283	+2.8%

Crime In Texas Cities over 100,000 Population 1999 vs 1998

Agency	Year	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated	Burglary	Larceny Theft	Motor Vehicle	Total .	% Change
Abilene PD	1999 1998	12 5	36 52	123 129	324 362	1,023 1,246	3,207 3,561	255 218	4,980 5,573	-10.6%
Amarillo PD	1999 1998	10 12	56 66	234 245	921 942	1,772 1,963	9,832 9,326	703 726	13,528 13,280	+1.9%
Arlington PD	1999 1998	11	109 138	546 506	1,285 1,202	3,180 2,974	12,556 12,703	1,720 1,984	19,407 19,520	-0.6%
Austin PD	1999 1998	27 31	242 219	1,023 1,097	1,684 1,678	6,996 6,952	27,257 26,133	2,794 3,083	40,023 39,193	+2.1%
Beaumont PD	1999 1998	12	160 201	351 346	800 670	2,051 1,993	5,903 5,256	805 819	10,082 9,294	+8.5%
Brownsville PD	1999 1998	4 14	26 24	166 168	587 698	1,227 1,346	6,289 5,141	351 469	8,650 7,860	+10.1%
Carrollton PD	1999 1998	0 2	12 28	59 82	168 293	734 797	2,291 2,390	317 319	3,581 3,911	-8.4%
Corpus Christi PD	1999 1998	15 17	194 143	388 352	1,888 1,583	3,521 3,858	12,859 15,227	1,510 1,330	20,375 22,510	-9.5%
Dallas PD	1999 1998	191 252	663 724	6,357 5,878	8,224 9,078	19,629 18,755	52,026 49,281	17,854 16,626	104,944 100,594	+4.3%
El Paso PD	1999 1998	14 17	185 241	715 823	3,366 3,293	2,496 2,632	27,052 26,124	2,307 2,657	36,135 35,787	+1.0%
Fort Worth PD	1999 1998	67 64	286 293	1,447 1,357	2,446 2,615	7,506 7,422	21,703 19,626	3,899 4,114	37,354 35,491	+5.2%
Garland PD	1999 1998	1	48 45	151 152	295 307	1,779 1,758	5,747 5,755	830 852	8,851 8,870	-0.2%
Grand Prairie PD	1999 1998	8 9	54 36	131 172	272 335	996 1,135	4,178 4,130	1,059 1,155	6,698 6,972	-3.9%
Houston PD	1999 1998	241 254	748 654	8,350 7,711	12,180 11,564	24,744 23,065	66,068 64,070	19,445 20,499	131,776 127,817	+3.1%
Irving PD	1999 1998	5 9	56 69	184 181	492 527	1,291 1,397	6,143 6,266	1,041 1,005	9,212 9,454	-2.6%
Laredo PD	1999 1998	8 11	57 68	167 219	597 538	1,853 1,930	9,494 8,957	1,116 1,412	13,292 13,135	+1.2%
Lubbock PD	1999 1998	14 15	124 132	307 241	1,949 1,615	2,352 2,654	7,410 7,010	696 632	12,852 12,299	+4.5%
McAllen PD	1999 1998	5 7	15 14	120 110	236 192	1,261 1,305	5,363 5,470	906 905	7,906 8,003	-1.2%
Mesquite PD	1999 1998	3	3	99 73	336 321	541 607	4,560 4,217	610 678	6,152 5,898	+4.3%
Midland PD	1999 1998	1 2	77 79	54 66	227 209	732 798	2,394 2,640	166 256	3,651 4,050	-9.9%
Pasadena PD	1999 1998	7 8	46 44	135 175	481 832	1,111 1,160	3,852 3,447	701 724	6,333 6,390	-0.9%
Plano PD	1999 1998	0 4	37 47	93 107	664 666	1,384 1,478	5,427 5,546	290 334	7,895 8,182	-3.5%
San Antonio PD	1999 1998	96 89	599 734	1,674 1,780	3,971 2,366	10,944 11,984	53,898 53,301	5,595 7,154	76,777 77,408	-0.8%
Waco PD	1999 1998	12 11	93 111	258 282	675 722	1,871 1,886	5,858 5,566	1,022 957	9,789 9,535	+2.7%
Wichita Falls PD	1999 1998	3 6	56 83	122 124	431 511	1,030 942	3,866 3,860	465 365	5,973 5,891	+1.4%