Texas Department of Public Safety

Crime in Texas 2022

Introduction

Since its inception in 1930, the Uniform Crime Reporting program has presented Summary-based totals for the main Index Crimes (i.e., murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, and larceny-theft). Arson and human trafficking were added to this list more recently. While the program has shifted to the more-detailed NIBRS reporting methodology, summarized totals are still used for several reasons: (1) ease of comparison to historical data and the FBI's Crime Data Explorer (CDE), (2) to allow a consistent representation of crime data across the states, as *nationwide* adoption of NIBRS reporting data is still relatively low, and (3) provide a quick view of Crimes Against Persons and Property.

The Texas UCR Program serves as the state repository for the collection of crime statistics. The Program's primary objective is to generate reliable information for law enforcement administration, operation, and management. As the Program has evolved and the demand for transparency has increased, so has the demand for the data compiled under this Program. Policy makers and members of the public, including the media and academia, rely upon this data for information on the fluctuations in the level of crime from year to year in their communities and throughout the state.

The Department makes every effort to ensure accuracy in reporting by providing training and quality control checks on the data to confirm the validity of the data it receives from the more than 1,000 agencies contributing to the Program. The accuracy of the statistics depends primarily on each contributor's adherence to established reporting standards; therefore, it is the responsibility of each contributor to submit accurate data and subsequently correct any data submitted in error. It is important to note that participation in the program by law enforcement agencies is voluntary.

The Program provides incident-based data submitted by Texas law enforcement agencies available to the public though the static annual Crime in Texas publication as well as through a dynamic online public portal. The annual publication provides a year-to-year comparison and five-year data trends, allowing for a year-to-year comparison of crime data in the state. The Department has also developed an online query tool or UCR Crime in Texas portal to provide greater transparency and on-demand access to the richer crime data being reported. The online query tool can be found at https://txucr.nibrs.com/.

The data for the annual publication is collected at a point in time. For the 2022 annual Crime in Texas report, data must have been reported by March 10, 2023. The information included in this publication is retrieved from local agency NIBRS reports; however, multi-year comparisons require the use of summary data. To compare, the Department has converted NIBRS data to the Summary Reporting (SRS) methodology to allow the data to be comparable across time periods where agencies employed both reporting methodologies to submit incident data to the state. The online portal will provide data in both the NIBRS and summary format. The online portal will also allow the user to configure multiple data elements such as specific elements of crime, view agency or county data, and specify time parameters to suit the requestor's need. While the data within the annual publication is static as of a date in time, the data available via the online portal is dynamic, and changes as reporting agencies submit new data or modify existing data.

For both reports, due to the nature of the crime statistics collected, some demographic information for the offender and/or victim may be unknown or partially unknown.

Reporting is Now Mandated by Texas Legislature

The Crime in Texas annual report offers a comprehensive analysis of reported crime incidents in Texas, drawing data from participating law enforcement agencies that submit information to the TXDPS UCR Program. The DPS also uses the data submitted by law enforcement agencies to produce ad hoc reports and fulfill public information requests throughout the year. DPS program staff actively monitor submissions for anomalies and collaborates with agencies to ensure data accuracy.

The Uniform Crime Reporting program is voluntary in nature. As such, agencies do not consistently submit data monthly by the 10th of the month as recommended. Consequently, this leads to incomplete, inconsistent, and inaccurate UCR data, which hampers the ability of state and municipal governments, law enforcement agencies, academic entities, and the public to obtain a reliable depiction of crime in Texas.

In response to this issue, the 88th Regular Legislative Session (2023) passed HB 4879, amending Sec. 411.054 of the Texas Government Code. The legislation now mandates local law enforcement agencies to implement an incident-based reporting system and use it to report data and statistics to the UCR program. These measures aim to improve the timeliness of reporting and enhance the accuracy of incident-based data. TXDPS will promulgate rules specifying the methods, form, and submission timelines for incident-based data.

Texas Crime by Offense

Detailed, accurate, and timely crime data helps to identify patterns and trends within and across jurisdictions and is essential in developing, implementing, and assessing evidence-based policing strategies. This data is also vital to policymakers at all levels in performing their public safety responsibilities, and it provides Texas citizens with meaningful information about crime in their communities and state.

The annual crime index for Texas is reported by rate and by volume. The *Crime in Texas* report uses FBI population estimates for Texas jurisdictions to calculate crime rates and for consistency in reporting. The index crime rate is the number of identified offenses committed per 100,000 population. Doing so allows for consistent comparisons between years, without the impact of population changes, and allows comparison between agencies of varying sizes. The FBI provides yearly population totals based on Census Bureau estimations to calculate the index crime rate in local and state jurisdictions. Crime volume is the aggregate sum of the offenses.

Also included in this report are the crime rate and volume for state-mandated reporting offenses. Agencies are statutorily required to report specific offense categories to the state's Uniform Crime Reporting Program, family violence, sexual assault, and hate crime. The 2022 report contains comparative data for the last two years for reference.

Clearances

A clearance refers to the resolution of offenses by law enforcement. An offense is considered cleared when an offender is arrested. An arrest may result in the clearance of multiple crimes, or multiple arrests may clear a single crime.

Aside from arrests, there are four exceptional scenarios that result in the clearance of a crime: (1) confirming the offender's identity, (2) having sufficient evidence for arrest and court procedures, (3) knowing the offender's immediate location for custody, and (4) encountering factors beyond law enforcement control that hinder the arrest, charging, and prosecution of the offender.

Clearances are reflected in the same year the incident was reported regardless of when the offense was cleared. For example, if a case is cleared in 2021 for a 2019 incident, the clearance will be reported against the original 2019 incident.

Crime Rate by Offense

Offense	2021	2022	% Change
Aggravated Assault	307.80	302.23	-1.81%
Robbery	75.60	70.34	-6.96%
Rape	49.70	48.75	-1.91%
Murder	7.00	6.72	-4.05%
Violent Crime Total	*440.03*	*428.04*	*-2.73%*
Larceny-Theft	1,501.30	1,620.24	7.92%
Burglary	324.40	334.01	2.96%
Motor Vehicle Theft	297.00	328.53	10.61%
Property Crime Total	*2,122.80*	*2,282.78*	*7.54%*
Family Violence	783.00	846.96	8.17%
Sexual Assault	62.40	62.09	-0.50%
Hate Crime	1.70	1.87	10.09%
State Mandated Reporting Total	*847.15*	*910.92*	*7.53%*

Crime rates are compiled to compensate for changes in Texas' population and show the number of people affected by crime within a given population. Texas crime rates are expressed as the number of crimes per 100,000 persons.

Crime Volume by Offense

Offense	2021	2022	% Change
Aggravated Assault	90,876	90,759	-0.13%
Robbery	22,320	21,123	-5.36%
Rape	14,671	14,639	-0.22%
Murder	2,064	2,017	-2.28%
Violent Crime Total	*129,931*	*128,538*	*-1.07%*
Larceny-Theft	443,309	486,551	9.75%
Burglary	95,800	100,302	4.70%
Motor Vehicle Theft	87,703	98,655	12.49%
Property Crime Total	*626,812*	*685,508*	*9.36%*
Family Violence	231,207	254,339	10.00%
Sexual Assault	18,429	18,645	1.17%
Hate Crime	508	562	10.63%
State Mandated Reporting Total	*250,144*	*273,546*	*9.36%*
Total	**1,006,887**	**1,087,592**	**8.02%**

Crime volume is the aggregate sum of the offenses within the Crime Index. By comparing the crime volume from year to year, trends in the number of crimes committed can be studied and analyzed.

Crime Volume by Offense- 5 Year

Offense	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2021-2022 % Change	2018-2022 % Change
Aggravated Assault	74,165	75,595	88,030	90,876	90,759	-0.13%	22.37%
Robbery	28,273	28,854	26,750	22,320	21,123	-5.36%	-25.29%
Rape	14,891	14,656	13,327	14,671	14,639	-0.22%	-1.69%
Murder	1,324	1,403	1,927	2,064	2017	-2.28%	52.34%
Violent Crime Total	*118,653*	*120,508*	*130,034*	*129,931*	*128,538*	*-1.07%*	*8.33%*
Larceny-Theft	491,028	496,279	461,421	443,309	486,551	9.75%	-0.91%
Burglary	117,513	112,405	108,015	95,800	100,302	4.70%	-14.65%
Motor Vehicle Theft	69,730	76,687	83,504	87,703	98,655	12.49%	41.48%
Property Crime Total	*678,271*	*685,371*	*652,940*	*626,812*	*685,508*	*9.36%*	*1.07%*
Family Violence	190,851	196,902	213,875	231,207	254,339	10.00%	33.27%
Sexual Assault	20,105	19,280	16,969	18,429	18,645	1.17%	-7.26%
Hate Crime	380	407	550	508	562	10.63%	47.89%
State Mandatory Reporting Total	*211,336*	*216,589*	*231,394*	*250,144*	*273,546*	*9.36%*	*29.44%*
Total	**1,008,260**	**1,022,468**	**1,014,368**	**1,006,887**	**1,087,592**	**8.02%**	**7.87%**

Crime Rate by Offense- 5 Year

Offense	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2021-2022 % Change	2018-2022 % Change
Aggravated Assault	258.40	260.70	299.80	307.80	302.23	-1.81%	16.96%
Robbery	98.50	99.50	91.10	75.60	70.34	-6.96%	-28.59%
Rape	51.90	50.50	45.40	49.70	48.75	-1.91%	-6.04%
Murder	4.60	4.80	6.60	7.00	6.72	-4.05%	45.61%
Violent Crime Total	*413.40*	*415.60*	*442.88*	*440.03*	*428.04*	*-2.73%*	*3.54%*
Larceny-Theft	1,710.80	1,711.50	1,571.60	1,501.30	1,620.24	7.92%	-5.29%
Burglary	409.40	387.70	367.90	324.40	334.01	2.96%	-18.42%
Motor Vehicle Theft	242.90	264.50	284.40	297.00	328.53	10.61%	35.23%
Property Crime Total	*2,363.16*	*2,363.68*	*2,223.85*	*2,122.80*	*2,282.78*	*7.54%*	*-3.40%*
Family Violence	664.90	679.10	728.40	783.00	846.96	8.17%	27.37%
Sexual Assault	70.00	66.50	57.80	62.40	62.09	-0.50%	-11.36%
Hate Crime	1.30	1.40	1.90	1.70	1.87	10.09%	41.36%
State Mandatory Reporting Total	*736.32*	*746.96*	*788.11*	*847.15*	*910.92*	*7.53%*	*23.71%*

Crimes Against People

Murder

The classification of this offense, and for all Index Crimes, is based solely on the police investigation and not upon determinations by courts, medical examiners, coroners, juries, or other judicial bodies.

Murder: Number of Incidents, January - December 2022

- 23
- 15
- 25
- Ft. Worth 116
- Dallas 168
- 11 13
- 22
- 13
- 14
- 19
- Austin 69
- 14
- 18
- 22
- San Antonio 240
- Houston 584
- 12
- 41
- 14
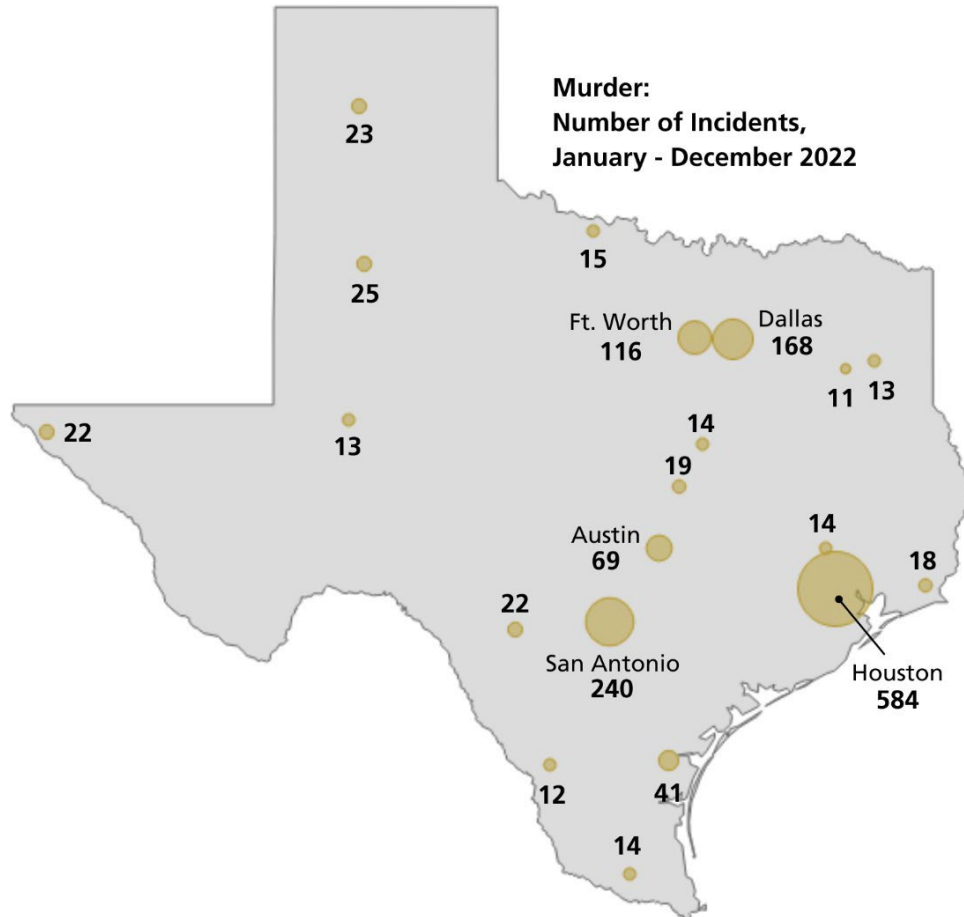
Murder Volume by Population Size

Agency Size by Population Range	Murder	% of 2022 Murders	Clearance	% of Murders Cleared
Under 2,500 Population	11	0.55%	1	9.09%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	66	3.27%	29	43.94%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	136	6.74%	53	38.97%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	125	6.20%	64	51.20%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	130	6.45%	77	59.23%
Over 100,000 Population	1,549	76.80%	743	47.97%
Total	**2,017**	**100.00%**	**967**	**47.94%**

Murder Volume by Population Size- Top 25 Volume

Agency Size by Population Range	Murder	% of Murders
Under 2,500 Population	0	0.00%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	0	0.00%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	22	1.51%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	0	0.00%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	13	0.89%
Over 100,000 Population	1,418	97.59%
Total	**1,453**	**100.00%**

Murder Volume by Population Size- Remaining Jurisdiction Volume

Agency Size by Population Range	Murder Volume	% of Murders
Under 2,500 Population	11	1.95%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	66	11.70%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	114	20.21%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	125	22.16%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	117	20.74%
Over 100,000 Population	131	23.23%
Total	**564**	**100.00%**

Murder Volume

Top 25 Volume — 72%
Remaining Agency's Volume — 28%
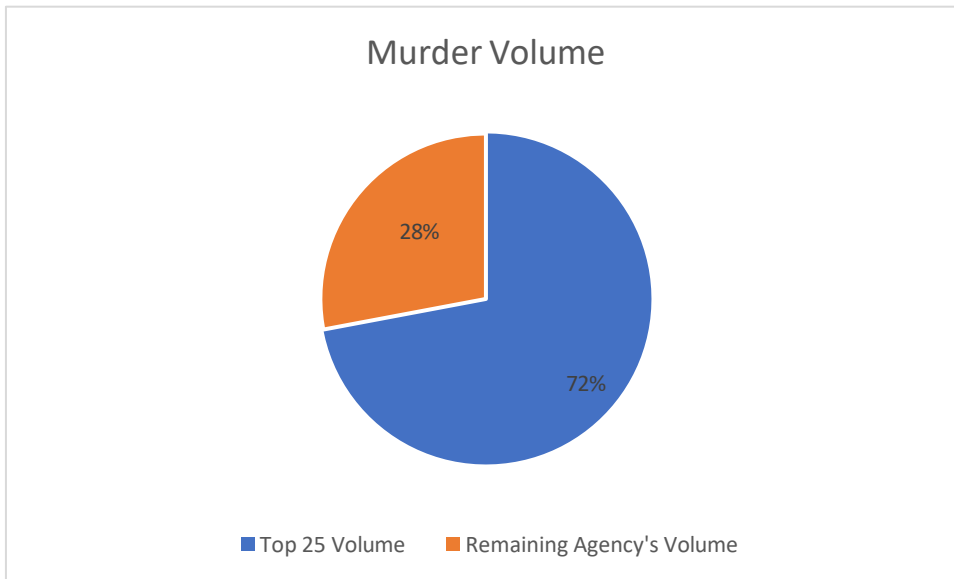
Murder Rate by Population Size

Agency Size by Population Range	Murder Rate	Clearance Rate
Under 2,500 Population	3.55	0.32
2,500 to 9,999 Population	3.98	1.75
10,000 to 24,999 Population	4.73	1.84
25,000 to 49,999 Population	4.35	2.23
50,000 to 99,999 Population	4.02	2.38
Over 100,000 Population	8.28	3.97
Total	**6.80**	**3.26**

Supplementary homicide information on murder circumstances is collected in two broad categories: felony type and non-felony type. While all murders are felonies in Texas, non-felony-type events (felons killed by a police officer or felons killed in the commission of a crime) occur in conjunction with the commission of a criminal offense. The table below provides information on both murder circumstance types.

Murder Volume and Clearance by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Murder	1,324	1,403	1,927	2,064	2,017
Clearance	779	848	1,024	1,112	1,027
% of Murders Cleared	58.84%	60.44%	53.14%	53.88%	50.92%

Murder Rate and Clearance by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Murder	4.61	4.84	6.56	6.99	6.80
Clearance	2.71	2.92	3.49	3.77	3.42
% of Murders Cleared	58.84%	60.44%	53.14%	53.88%	50.92%

Murder Offenses with Weapons Used by Weapon Type by Year- 5 Years

Weapon Used	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Asphyxiation	22	7	13	2	5
Blunt Object	44	40	42	46	47
Drugs/Narcotics/Sleeping Pills	1	4	3	6	7
Explosives	2	1	0	0	0
Fire/Incendiary Device	4	5	9	9	5
Firearm (Unspecified)	523	660	1,011	1,114	1,119
Handgun	825	970	1,184	1,244	1,063
Knife/Cutting Instrument	149	162	215	196	196
Motor Vehicle/Vessel	0	0	0	0	0
None (Mutually Exclusive)	0	0	0	0	0
Other	119	137	188	158	221
Other Firearm	9	11	27	36	29
Personal Weapons/Strong Arm	127	94	111	93	99
Poison	1	0	1	0	1
Rifle	46	113	105	117	133
Shotgun	54	36	43	22	16
Unknown	0	0	0	0	0
Total	1,926	2,240	2,952	3,043	2,941

Rape

Rape is defined in the national UCR program as "penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim." The nature of Rape breaks down the total number of Rapes into completed and attempted offenses. Statistics reported in this crime category include assaults to commit Rape; however, statutory Rape is excluded.

The statistics reported in this NIBRS Index Crime category relate to the offense of Rape as defined under UCR guidelines, not the Sexual Assault offense data collected according to Texas Government Code §411.042. The two data sets should not be compared as the definitions and offenses for Rape and Sexual Assault do not fully align.
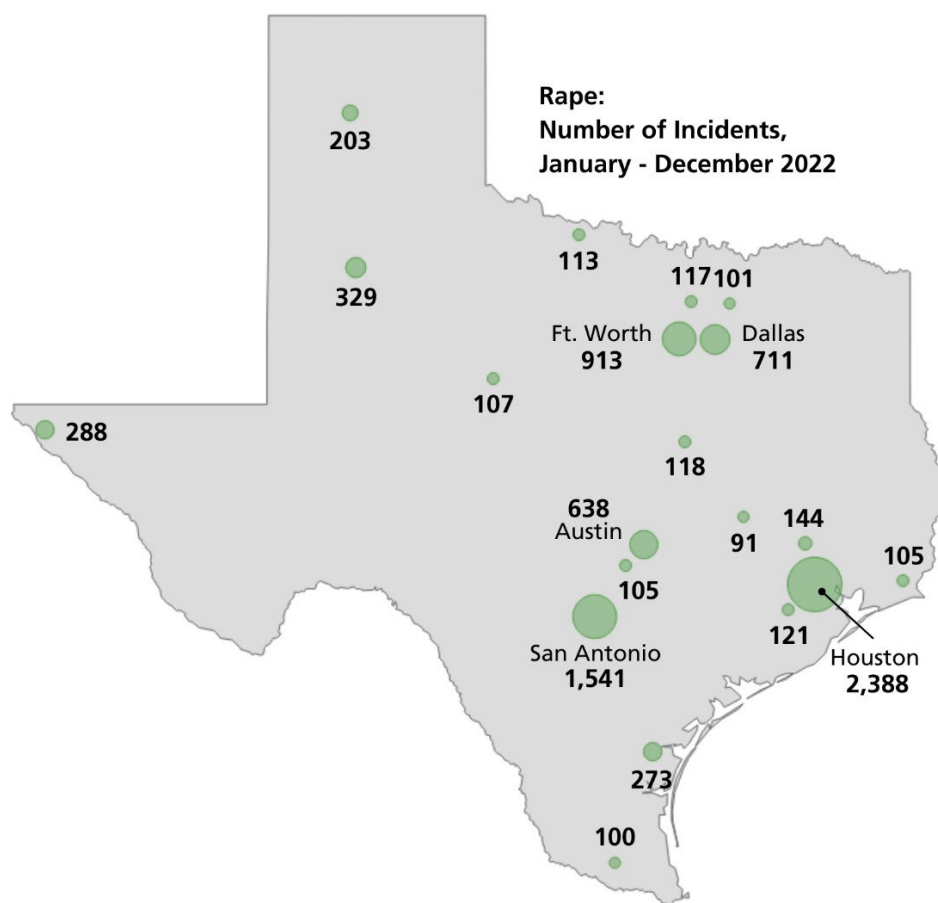
Rape:
Number of Incidents,
January - December 2022

203

113

329

117 101

Ft. Worth   Dallas
913   711

107

288

118

638
Austin   144
                91   105
105
San Antonio   121
1,541   Houston
             2,388

273

100

Rape Volume and Clearances by Population Size

Agency Size by Population Range	Rape Volume	% of 2022 Rape	Clearance Volume	% of Rape Cleared
Under 2,500 Population	361	2.41%	53	14.68%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	616	4.12%	111	18.02%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	1,312	8.77%	240	18.29%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	1,266	8.46%	243	19.19%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	1,559	10.42%	281	18.02%
Over 100,000 Population	9,850	65.82%	1,496	15.19%
Total	**14,964**	**100.00%**	**2,424**	**16.20%**

Rape Volume and Clearances by Population Size- Top 25 Volume

Agency Size by Population Range	Rape Volume	% of 2022 Rape
Under 2,500 Population	0	0.00%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	0	0.00%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	0	0.00%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	0	0.00%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	105	1.23%
Over 100,000 Population	8,401	98.77%
Total	**8,506**	**100.00%**

Rape Volume and Clearances by Population Size- Remaining Agencies Volume

Agency Size by Population Range	Rape Volume	% of 2022 Rape
Under 2,500 Population	361	5.59%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	618	9.57%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	1,326	20.53%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	1,274	19.73%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	1,420	21.99%
Over 100,000 Population	1,459	22.59%
Total	**6,458**	**100.00%**

Rape Volume

- Top 25 Volume — 57%
- Remaining Agency's Volume — 43%
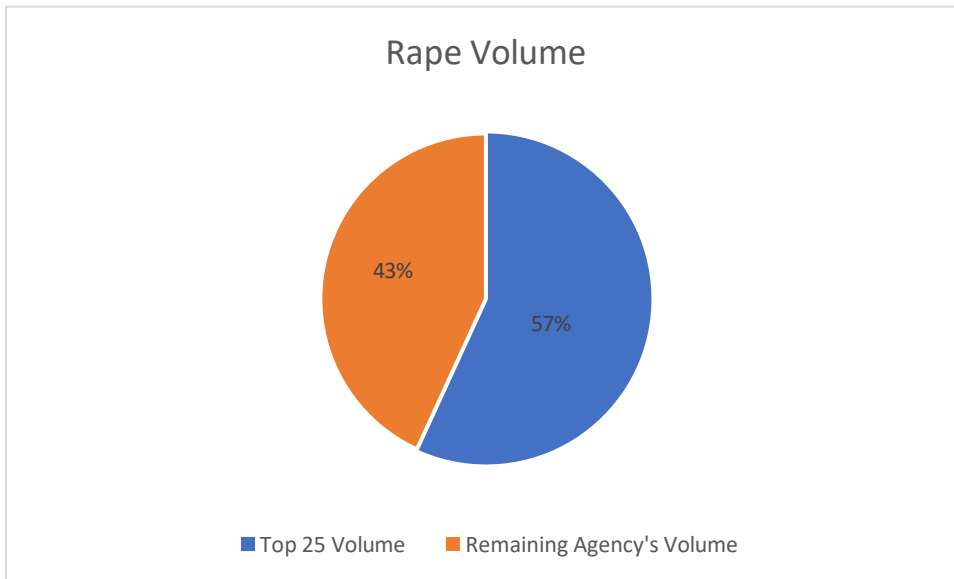
Rape Rate and Clearances by Population Size

Agency Size by Population Range	Rape Rate	Population Range Totals	Clearance Rate
Under 2,500 Population	116.52	308,660	17.11
2,500 to 9,999 Population	37.13	1,658,835	6.69
10,000 to 24,999 Population	45.67	2,872,631	8.35
25,000 to 49,999 Population	44.06	2,873,064	8.46
50,000 to 99,999 Population	48.16	3,237,258	8.68
Over 100,000 Population	52.68	18,697,632	8.00
Total	**50.47**	**29,648,080**	**8.18**

Rape Volume and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Rape	14,891	14,656	13,327	14,671	14,639
Clearance	4,114	3,409	2,709	2,673	2,586
% of Rape Cleared	27.63%	23.26%	20.33%	18.22%	17.67%

Rape Rate and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Rape	51.90	50.50	45.40	49.70	48.75
Clearance	13.90	11.50	9.20	9.10	8.61
% of Rape Cleared	26.78%	22.86%	20.21%	18.22%	17.67%

Human Trafficking

Human Trafficking includes offense and arrest data for Commercial Sex Acts and Involuntary Servitude. The FBI defines Commercial Sex Acts as inducing a person by force, fraud, or coercion to participate in commercial sex acts or in which the person induced to perform such act(s) has not attained 18 years of age. Involuntary Servitude is defined as the obtaining of a person(s) through recruitment, harboring, transportation, or provision and subjecting such persons by force, fraud, or coercion into involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery (not to include commercial sex acts).

Human Trafficking Volume and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Human Trafficking	332	451	488	549	586
Clearance	90	197	197	193	240
Human Trafficking Cleared %	**27.11%**	**43.68%**	**40.37%**	**35.15%**	**40.96%**

Human Trafficking Rate and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Human Trafficking	1.20	1.60	1.70	1.90	1.95
Clearance	0.30	0.70	0.70	0.70	0.80
Human Trafficking Cleared %	**25.00%**	**43.75%**	**41.18%**	**36.84%**	**40.96%**

Human Trafficking by Type by Year- 5 Years

Human Trafficking by Type	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Commercial Sex Offenses	269	337	356	358	359
Involuntary Servitude Offenses	119	114	132	191	227
Total	**388**	**451**	**488**	**549**	**586**

Aggravated Assault

Aggravated Assault is an unlawful attack by one person upon another to inflict severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault is usually accompanied by using a weapon or by means likely to produce death or serious bodily harm. Statistics for aggravated assault include attempts to commit aggravated assault.

Aggravated Assault Volume and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Aggravated Assault	74,165	75,595	88,030	90,876	90,759
Clearance	31,874	30,234	32,225	31,858	31,843
Aggravated Assault % Cleared	42.98%	39.99%	36.61%	35.06%	35.09%

Aggravated Assault Rate and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Aggravated Assault	258.40	260.71	299.82	307.77	302.23
Clearance	111.05	104.27	109.76	107.89	106.04
Aggravated Assault % Cleared	42.98%	39.99%	36.61%	35.06%	35.09%

Aggravated Assault Offenses with Weapons Used by Weapon Type by Year- 5 Years

Weapon Used	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Asphyxiation	180	369	1,540	2,539	2,617
Blunt Object	2,831	4,151	6,154	6,738	6,577
Drugs/Narcotics/Sleeping Pills	31	28	38	43	74
Explosives	4	4	20	18	14
Fire/Incendiary Device	53	67	117	128	134
Firearm (Unspecified)	2,594	4,395	7,610	9,506	9,900
Handgun	5,059	7,946	14,250	19,705	19,832
Knife/Cutting Instrument	5,761	8,971	12,348	14,193	13,813
Motor Vehicle/Vessel	1,712	2,757	4,002	5,135	4,602
None (Mutually Exclusive)	174	300	0	0	0
Other	2,713	4,070	5,147	6,603	6,848
Other Firearm	199	291	415	543	536
Personal Weapons/Strong Arm	4,037	6,899	8,342	9,576	8,736
Poison	50	117	157	144	97
Rifle	278	472	957	1,248	1,336
Shotgun	238	382	576	691	633
Unknown	331	540	676	976	1,030
Total	**26,245**	**41,759**	**62,349**	**77,786**	**76,779**

Robbery

Robbery is defined as the taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force, threat of force, or violence or by putting the victim in fear.

Robbery Volume and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Offense	28,273	28,854	26,750	22,320	21,123
Clearance	5,678	5,410	5,065	4,261	4,129
% of Robbery Cleared	20.10%	18.70%	18.90%	19.10%	19.55%

Robbery Rate and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Robbery Rate	98.50	99.50	91.10	75.60	70.34
Clearance	19.80	18.70	17.30	14.40	13.75
% of Robbery Cleared	20.10%	18.70%	18.90%	19.10%	19.55%

Robbery Value and Recovery by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Loss	$174,131,888	$129,284,800	$95,099,305	$128,619,264	$77,200,871
Recovered	$12,231,372	$19,584,365	$23,849,009	$28,125,078	$26,865,869

Crimes Against Property

Property Crimes

Robbery volume decreased by 5.36%, while Burglary volume increased by 4.70% over the past year. Overall, property crime in Texas increased between 2021 and 2022.

Property Crime Volume by Offense Type- 2 Year

Offense	2021 Crime Volume	% Total of 2021 Crime Volume	2022 Crime Volume	% Total of 2022 Crime Volume
Larceny-Theft	443,309	67.87%	486,551	68.47%
Burglary	95,800	14.70%	100,302	14.12%
Motor Vehicle Theft	87,703	13.40%	98,655	13.88%
Robbery	22,320	3.40%	21,123	2.97%
Arson	2,919	0.40%	2,907	0.41%
Cargo Theft	1,159	0.20%	1,057	0.15%
Total	**653,210**	**100.00%**	**710,595**	**100.00%**

Property Crime Volume by Offense Type- 5 Year

Offense	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2021- 2022 % Change	2018- 2022 % Change
Robbery	28,273	28,854	26,750	22,320	21,123	▼-5.36%	▼-25.29%
Burglary	117,513	112,405	108,015	95,800	100,302	▲4.70%	▼-14.65%
Larceny-Theft	491,028	496,279	461,421	443,309	486,551	▲9.75%	▼-0.91%
Motor Vehicle Theft	69,730	76,687	83,504	87,703	98,655	▲12.49%	▲41.48%
Cargo Theft	447	895	1,575	1,159	1,057	▼-8.80%	▲136.47%
Arson	2,685	2,467	2,964	2,919	2,907	▼-0.41%	▲8.27%
Total	709,676	717,587	684,229	653,210	710,595	▲8.79%	▲0.13%

Property Crime Value by Offense Type- 5 Year

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2021- 2022 % Change	2018- 2022 % Change
Robbery	$174,131,888	$129,284,800	$95,099,305	$128,619,264	$77,200,871	▼-39.98%	▼-55.67%
Burglary	$401,582,107	$670,754,764	$318,610,348	$329,506,706	$419,589,579	▲27.34%	▲4.48%
Larceny-Theft	$402,009,862	$1,906,761,663	$901,024,955	$1,127,268,811	$2,184,944,186	▲93.83%	▲443.51%
Motor Vehicle Theft	$865,178,603	$1,464,654,476	$1,129,092,870	$1,565,913,607	$1,724,507,324	▲10.13%	▲99.32%
Cargo Theft	$10,110,588	$13,094,946	$71,764,035	$26,171,352	$27,842,745	▲6.39%	▲175.38%
Arson	$81,577,138	$50,634,117	$62,778,786	$61,575,666	$57,875,209	▼-6.01%	▼-29.05%
Total	$1,934,590,186	$4,235,184,766	$2,578,370,299	$3,239,055,406	$4,491,959,914	▲38.68%	▲132.19%

Property Crime Volume by Offense Type- 5 Year

Property Type Recovered	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2021- 2022 % Change	2018- 2022 % Change
Robbery	$12,231,372	$19,584,365	$23,849,009	$28,125,078	$26,865,869	▼-4.48%	▲119.65%
Burglary	$9,735,837	$19,613,761	$22,850,445	$24,525,201	$44,106,356	▲79.84%	▲353.03%
Larceny-Theft	$34,681,183	$1,056,712,443	$110,920,110	$88,793,953	$126,778,452	▲42.78%	▲265.55%
Motor Vehicle Theft	$444,929,003	$457,064,069	$504,547,866	$842,784,597	$724,669,348	▼-14.01%	▲62.87%
Cargo Theft	$3,093,138	$2,408,212	$4,778,865	$4,169,064	$5,781,669	▲38.68%	▲86.92%
Arson	$136,275	$250,931	$76,737	$209,829	$197,028	▼-6.10%	▲44.58%
Total	$504,806,808	$1,555,633,781	$667,023,032	$988,607,722	$928,398,722	▼-6.09%	▲83.91%

Arson

The FBI's UCR Program defines arson as any willful or malicious burning or attempting to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Only fires determined through investigation to have been willfully or maliciously set are classified as arson. Fires of suspicious or unknown origins are excluded from data collection.

Arson Volume and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Arson	2,685	2,467	2,964	2,919	2,907
Clearance	488	451	461	644	646
% of Arson Cleared	18.18%	18.28%	15.55%	22.06%	22.22%

Arson Rate and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Arson	9.40	8.50	10.10	9.90	9.68
Clearance	1.70	1.60	1.60	2.20	2.15
% of Arson Cleared	18.09%	18.82%	15.84%	22.22%	22.22%

Arson Value and Recovery by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Property Loss Value	$81,577,138	$50,634,117	$62,778,786	$61,575,666	$57,875,209
Remaining Value	$136,275	$250,931	$76,737	$209,829	$197,028

Burglary

Burglary is the unlawful entry of a structure with the intent to commit a felony or a theft. While the use of force to gain entry is not required to classify an offense as burglary, attempted forcible entries to commit burglary are counted in these crime statistics.

Burglary Volume and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Burglary	117,513	112,405	108,015	95,800	100,302
Clearance	11,341	9,539	8,630	7,845	7,921
% of Burglary Cleared	9.65%	8.49%	7.99%	8.19%	7.90%

Burglary Rate and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Burglary	409.43	387.66	367.89	324.44	334.01
Clearance	39.51	32.90	29.39	26.57	26.38
% of Burglary Cleared	9.65%	8.49%	7.99%	8.19%	7.90%

Burglary Value and Recovery by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Loss	$401,582,107	$670,754,764	$318,610,348	$329,506,706	$418,288,029
Recovered	$9,735,837	$19,613,761	$22,850,445	$24,525,201	$44,106,356

Cargo Theft

Cargo Theft is "the criminal taking of any cargo including, but not limited to, goods, chattels, money, or baggage that constitutes, in whole or in part, a commercial shipment of freight moving in commerce, from any pipeline system, railroad car, motor truck, or other vehicles, or from any tank or storage facility, station house, platform, or depot, or from any vessel or pier, or from any aircraft, air terminal, airport, aircraft terminal or air navigation facility, or from any intermodal container, intermodal chassis, trailer, container freight station, warehouse, freight distribution facility, or freight consolidation facility. For purposes of this definition, cargo shall be deemed as moving in commerce at all points between the point of origin and the final destination, regardless of any temporary stop while awaiting transshipment or otherwise."

Cargo Theft Volume and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Cargo Theft	447	895	1,575	1,159	1,057
Clearance	34	72	73	101	71
Cargo Theft % Cleared	7.61%	8.04%	4.63%	8.71%	6.72%

Cargo Rate and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Cargo Theft	1.49	2.98	5.24	3.86	3.52
Clearance	0.11	0.24	0.24	0.34	0.24
Cargo Theft % Cleared	7.61%	8.04%	4.63%	8.71%	6.72%

Cargo Theft Value and Recovery by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Loss	$10,110,588	$13,094,946	$71,764,035	$26,171,352	$27,842,745
Recovered	$3,093,138	$2,408,212	$4,778,865	$4,169,064	$5,781,669

Larceny-Theft

Larceny-Theft is the unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Larceny-Theft includes shoplifting, pocket-picking, purse-snatching, thefts from motor vehicles, thefts of motor vehicle parts and accessories, bicycle thefts, and other things of value in which no use of force, violence, or fraud occurs.

In the FBI guidelines for NIBRS data, this crime classification does not include embezzlement, confidence/swindle games, forgery, and the passing of counterfeited/bad checks. Those offenses have their own NIBRS crime category for which only arrest data is converted for SRS methodology.

Motor vehicle theft is not included in the Larceny-Theft category as it is a separate Index Crime offense.

For data collection, Larceny-Theft is divided into nine categories: pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, theft from motor vehicles, theft of motor vehicle parts, theft of bicycles, theft from buildings, theft from coin-operated machines, and "All Other Larceny" (except motor vehicle theft, embezzlement, confidence/swindle games, forgery, and the passing of counterfeited/bad checks).

Larceny Volume and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Larceny - Theft	491,028	496,279	461,421	443,309	486,551
Clearance	70,105	64,554	46,992	37,040	41,090
Larceny - Theft % Cleared	14.28%	13.01%	10.18%	8.36%	8.45%

Larceny Rate and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Larceny - Theft	1,710.80	1,711.50	1,571.60	1,501.30	1,620.24
Clearance	244.30	222.60	160.10	125.40	136.83
Larceny - Theft % Cleared	14.28%	13.01%	10.19%	8.35%	8.45%

Larceny Value and Recovery by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Loss	$402,009,862	$1,906,761,663	$901,024,955	$1,127,268,811	$2,184.944.186
Recovered	$34,681,183	$1,056,712,443	$110,920,110	$88,793,953	$126,778,452

Motor Vehicle Theft

Motor Vehicle Theft is the theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, a self-propelled vehicle that travels on the surface of land but not on rails. Motorboats, construction equipment, airplanes, and farming equipment are excluded from this category.

Motor Vehicle Theft Volume and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Motor Vehicle Theft	69,730	76,687	83,504	87,703	98,655
Clearance	8,482	8,493	8,509	8,101	8,245
Motor Vehicle Theft % Cleared	12.16%	11.07%	10.19%	9.24%	8.36%

Motor Vehicle Theft Rate and Clearances by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Motor Vehicle Theft	242.95	264.48	284.41	297.02	328.53
Clearance	29.55	29.29	28.98	27.44	27.46
Motor Vehicle Theft % Cleared	12.16%	11.07%	10.19%	9.24%	8.36%

Motor Vehicle Theft Value and Recovery by Year- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Loss	$865,178,603	$1,464,654,476	$1,129,092,870	$1,565,913,607	$1,724,507,324
Recovered	$444,929,003	$457,064,069	$504,547,866	$842,784,597	$724,669,348

Texas Mandatory Reporting

Sexual Assault

Texas Government Code §411.042 requires DPS to establish guidelines and collect data about incidents that involve specific sexual assault offenses as part of the UCR program. Sexual Assault crime data collection began in the calendar year 2008. Special consideration had to be taken to disseminate the data collection guidelines for Sexual Assault reporting due to the difference between UCR offenses and Texas Penal Code definitions. In the Texas UCR program, rape is the only offense collected under the crime index. Since there is more significant variance in the offenses contained in the compilation of Sexual Assault data, this data collection should not be compared to the statistics maintained in the national UCR program.
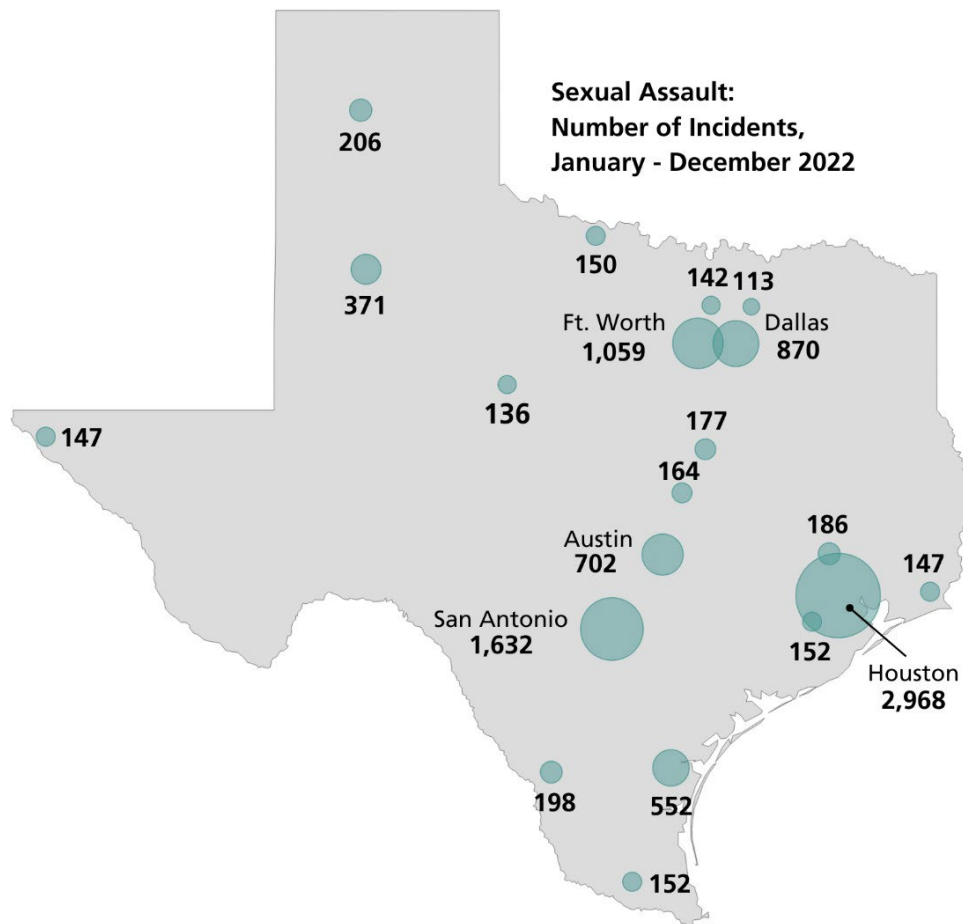

Sexual Assault: Number of Incidents, January - December 2022

206
150
371
142 113
Ft. Worth 1,059
Dallas 870
136
177
147
164
186
Austin 702
147
San Antonio 1,632
152
Houston 2,968
198
552
152

Sexual Assault Volume by Population Size

Agency Size by Population Range	Sexual Assault	% of 2022 Sexual Assault	Clearance	% of Sexual Assault Cleared
Under 2,500 Population	467	2.50%	53	11.35%
2,500 to 10,000 Population	810	4.34%	111	13.70%
10,000 to 25,000 Population	1,655	8.88%	240	14.50%
25,000 to 50,000 Population	1,693	9.08%	243	14.35%
50,000 to 100,000 Population	1,985	10.65%	281	14.16%
Over 100,000 Population	12,035	64.55%	1,496	12.43%
Total	18,645	100.00%	2,424	13.00%

Sexual Assault Volume by Population Size-Top 25 Offense Volume

Agency Size by Population Range	Sexual Assault	% of 2022 Sexual Assault
Under 2,500 Population	0	0.00%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	0	0.00%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	0	0.00%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	0	0.00%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	113	1.11%
Over 100,000 Population	10,111	98.89%
Total	10,224	100.00%

Sexual Assault Volume by Population Size-Remaining Jurisdictions Offense Volume

Agency Size by Population Range	Sexual Assault	% of 2022 Sexual Assault
Under 2,500 Population	467	5.55%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	810	9.62%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	1,655	19.65%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	1,693	20.10%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	1,872	22.23%
Over 100,000 Population	1,924	22.85%
Total	8,421	100.00%

Sexual Assault Volume

Top 25 Volume — 55%
Remaining Agency's Volume — 45%
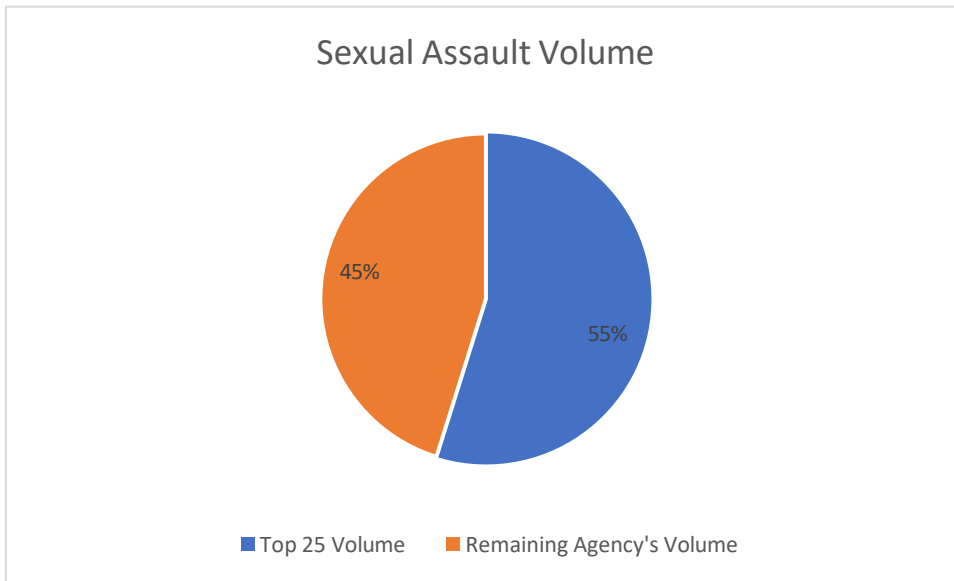
Sexual Assault Rate by Population Size

Agency Size by Population Range	Sexual Assault Rate	Population Range Totals	Clearance Rate
Under 2,500 Population	116.96	308,660	17.11
2,500 to 9,999 Population	37.13	1,658,835	6.69
10,000 to 24,999 Population	45.67	2,872,631	8.35
25,000 to 49,999 Population	44.06	2,873,064	8.46
50,000 to 99,999 Population	48.16	3,237,258	8.68
Over 100,000 Population	52.68	18,697,632	8.00
Total	**50.47**	**29,648,080**	**8.18**

Offense information in the sexual assault data collection program is collected according to Texas Penal codes. Offense information is collected on six sexual assault categories: Continuous Sexual Abuse of a Child, Indecency with a Child by Contact, Indecency with a Child by Exposure, Sexual Assault, Aggravated Sexual Assault, and Sexual Performance by a Child.

Sexual Assaults by Offense Type

Texas Penal Code Offense	Count	Total %
Section 21.02 Continuous Sexual Abuse of Young Child or Children	480	2.29%
Section 21.11(a)(1) Indecency with a Child by Contact	3,639	17.35%
Section 21.11(a)(2) Indecency with a Child by Exposure	272	1.30%
Section 22.011 Sexual Assault	12,881	61.40%
Section 22.021 Aggravated Sexual Assault	3,636	17.33%
Section 43.25 Sexual Performance by a Child	72	0.34%
Total	**20,980**	**100.00%**

Sexual Assault Victim by Age and Sex

Age	Male	Female	Sex Unknown	Total	Total % by Age
65+	8	144	0	152	1.02%
60-64	6	92	0	98	0.65%
55-59	11	134	0	145	0.97%
50-54	17	250	0	267	1.78%
45-49	13	336	0	349	2.33%
40-44	34	553	0	587	3.92%
35-39	41	757	0	798	5.33%
30-34	56	851	0	907	6.06%
25-29	92	1,011	0	1,103	7.37%
20-24	122	1,670	0	1,792	11.98%
15-19	315	3,584	1	3,900	26.06%
10-14	267	2,696	1	2,964	19.81%
Under 10	433	1,156	2	1,591	10.63%
Unknown Age	26	281	4	311	2.08%
Total	**1,441**	**13,515**	**8**	**14,964**	**100.00%**
Total % by Sex	**9.63%**	**90.32%**	**0.05%**	**100.00%**	

Relationship of Sexual Assault Victim to Offender

Relationship	Number of Relationships	% by Relationships
Acquaintance	4,025	19.66%
Baby/Child in the Care of a Babysitter	54	0.26%
Boyfriend/Girlfriend	1,537	7.51%
Child	1,432	7.00%
Common-Law Spouse	85	0.42%
Employee	79	0.39%
Employer	15	0.07%
Ex-Spouse	140	0.68%
Friend	1,270	6.20%
Grandchild	459	2.24%
Grandparent	11	0.05%
In-law	89	0.43%
Neighbor	192	0.94%
Other Family Member	2,297	11.22%
Otherwise Known	1,720	8.40%
Parent	26	0.13%
Relationship Unknown	2,556	12.49%
Sibling	741	3.62%
Spouse	407	1.99%
Step-child	1,022	4.99%
Step-parent	92	0.45%
Step-sibling	265	1.29%
Stranger	1,955	9.55%
Total	**20,469**	**100.00%**

Relationship of Rape Victim to Offender data indicates that most offenders are known to the victim.

Sexual Assault Offender By Age and Sex

Age	Male	Female	Sex Unknown	Total	Total % by Age
65+	408	14	2	424	2.12%
60-64	357	8	1	366	1.83%
55-59	563	15	0	578	2.89%
50-54	713	30	0	743	3.72%
45-49	926	41	4	971	4.86%
40-44	1,354	54	3	1,411	7.07%
35-39	1,885	88	2	1,975	9.89%
30-34	2,031	93	0	2,124	10.64%
25-29	1,886	85	3	1,974	9.89%
20-24	2,105	111	6	2,222	11.13%
15-19	2,801	130	4	2,935	14.70%
10-14	1,300	141	4	1,445	7.24%
Under 10	109	26	1	136	0.68%
Unknown Age	1,976	99	590	2,665	13.35%
Total	**18,414**	**935**	**620**	**19,969**	**100.00%**
Total % by Sex	**92.21%**	**4.68%**	**3.10%**	**100.00%**	

Sexual Assault by Location Type

Location Type	Instances
Bar/Nightclub	163
Church/Synagogue/Temple/Mosque	64
Commercial/Office Building	330
Construction Site	32
Convenience Store	95
Drug Store/Doctor's Office/Hospital	307
Field/Woods	202
Government/Public Building	127
Highway/Road/Alley/Street/Sidewalk	719
Hotel/Motel/Etc.	919
Jail/Prison/Penitentiary/Corrections Facility	124
Lake/Waterway/Beach	39
Other/Unknown	1,641
Parking/Drop Lot/Garage	572
Residence/Home	14,808
School/College	635
Total	**20,777**

Sexual Assault Offenses with Weapons Used by Weapon Type

Weapon Used	Instances	% of Total Weapons Used
Firearm (All Types)	320	1.52%
Knife or Cutting Inst.	150	0.71%
Blunt Object	101	0.48%
Personal Weapons/ Strong Arm	18,429	87.33%
Drugs/Narcotics/Sleeping Pills	289	1.37%
Asphyxiation	49	0.23%
Other	1,764	8.36%
Total	**21,102**	**100.00%**

Sexual Assault Offender Suspected of Using during Commission of Crime

Suspected of Using	Total	% of Using by Type
Alcohol	1,656	7.83%
Drugs/Narcotics	969	4.58%
None	18,518	87.58%
Total	**21,143**	**100.00%**

Sexual Assault Volume and Rate- 5-years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Volume	20,105	19,280	16,969	18,429	18,645
Rate	70.00	66.50	57.80	62.40	62.89

Sexual Assault Offenses with Weapons Used by Weapon Type - 5 Years

Weapon Used	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Asphyxiation	50	59	43	42	49
Blunt Object	129	91	98	92	101
Drugs/Narcotics/Sleeping Pills	441	410	355	308	289
Firearm (All Types)	211	244	274	277	320
Knife or Cutting Instrument	169	170	161	209	150
Other	1,322	1,347	1,411	1,868	1,764
Personal Weapons/Strong Arm	20,163	19,371	17,666	18,074	18,429

Family Violence

The Texas Family Code, Chapter 71.004, defines Family Violence as "an act by a member of a family or household against another member of the family or household that is intended to result in physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or sexual assault or that is a threat that reasonably places the member in fear of imminent physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or sexual assault, but does not include defensive measures to protect oneself." The law includes abuse, defined as physical injury that results in substantial harm or genuine threat; sexual contact, intercourse, or conduct; or compelling or encouraging the child to engage in sexual conduct. The law excludes the reasonable discipline of a child. For Family Violence Reporting, the law defines "family" to include individuals related by consanguinity (blood) or affinity, marriage or former marriage, biological parents of the same child, foster children, foster parents, and members or former members of the same household (including roommates regardless of gender).
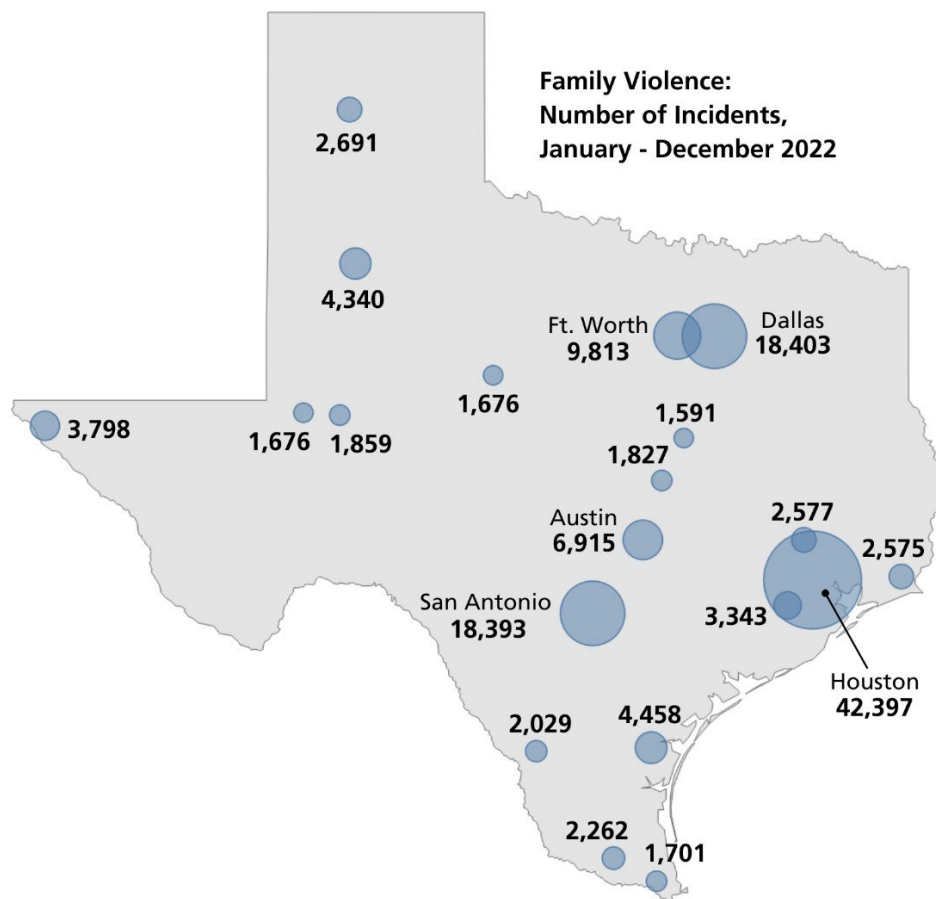
Family Violence: Number of Incidents, January - December 2022

2,691

4,340

Ft. Worth 9,813 Dallas 18,403

1,676

3,798 1,676 1,859

1,591

1,827

Austin 6,915

2,577

2,575

San Antonio 18,393

3,343

Houston 42,397

2,029 4,458

2,262 1,701

Family Violence Volume by Population Size

Population	Family Violence	% of 2022 Family Violence	Clearance	% of Family Violence Cleared
Under 2,500 Population	2,522	1.11%	994	39.41%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	8,592	3.79%	3,969	46.19%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	17,394	7.67%	7,688	44.20%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	17,455	7.70%	8,258	47.31%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	20,126	8.87%	8,857	44.01%
Over 100,000 Population	160,696	70.86%	73,110	45.50%
Total	**226,785**	**100.00%**	**102,876**	**45.36%**

Family Violence Volume by Population Size- Top 25 Volume

Agency Size by Population Range	Family Violence	% of 2022 Family Violence
Under 2,500 Population	0	0.00%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	0	0.00%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	0	0.00%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	0	0.00%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	0	0.00%
Over 100,000 Population	134,324	100.00%
Total	**134,324**	**100.00%**

Family Violence Volume by Population Size- Remaining Jurisdiction Volume

Agency Size by Population Range	Family Violence	% of 2022 Family Violence
Under 2,500 Population	2,522	2.81%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	8,592	9.54%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	17,394	19.28%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	17,455	19.52%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	20,126	22.22%
Over 100,000 Population	26,372	26.63%
Total	**92,461**	**100.00%**

Family Violence Volume
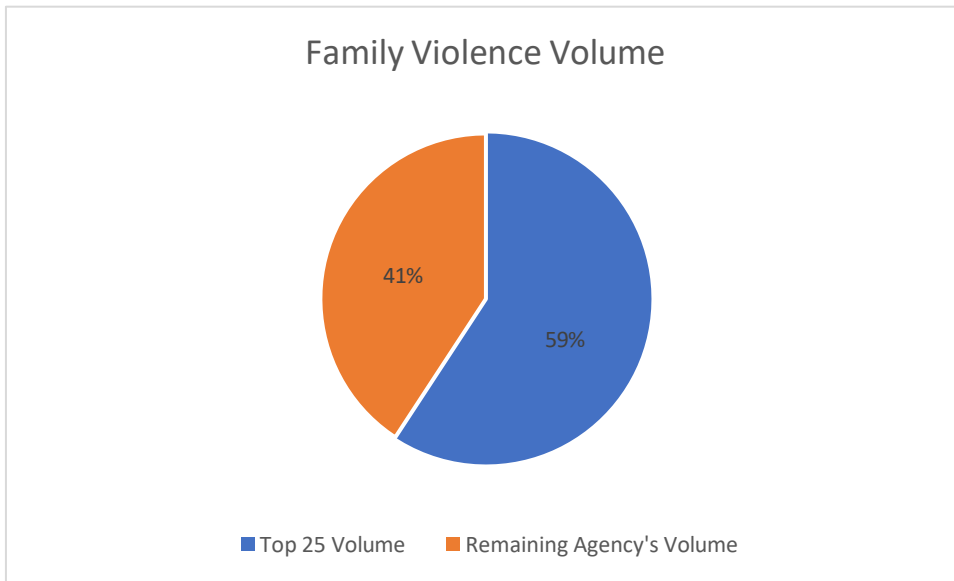
Family Violence Rate by Population Size

Population	Family Violence Rate	Population Range Totals	Clearance Rate
Under 2,500 Population	814.06	308,660	320.84
2,500 to 9,999 Population	517.93	1,658,835	239.25
10,000 to 24,999 Population	605.51	2,872,631	267.63
25,000 to 49,999 Population	607.54	2,873,064	287.43
50,000 to 99,999 Population	621.70	3,237,258	273.60
Over 100,000 Population	859.45	18,697,632	391.01
Total	**764.89**	**29,648,080**	**346.98**

Offense information in the family violence program is collected according to federal UCR guidelines and does not necessarily conform to Texas state definitions. Complete offense definitions are available in the appendix to this publication. Family violence offense information falls into five general categories: assaults, homicides, kidnapping/abductions, robberies, and sex offenses.

Family Violence Offenses by Offense Type

Family Violence Offenses				
Type	*Group %*	*Offense*	*Count*	*% Total*
Assaults	93.58%	Simple Assaults	177,432	69.76%
		Aggravated Assaults	35,322	13.89%
		Intimidation	25,260	9.93%
Homicides	0.21%	Murder & Non-negligent Manslaughter	467	0.18%
		Negligent Manslaughter	60	0.02%
		Justifiable Homicide	8	0.00%
Kidnapping	1.35%	Kidnapping / Abduction	3,445	1.35%
Robbery	0.56%	Robbery	1,432	0.56%
Sex Offenses	4.29%	Rape	4,990	1.96%
		Fondling	3,757	1.48%
		Sodomy	1,373	0.54%
		Sexual Assault with an Object	692	0.27%
		Incest	101	0.04%
	100.00%	Grand Total	254,339	100.00%

Family Violence Victim by Age and Sex

Age	*Male*	*Female*	*Sex Unknown*	*Total*	*Total % by Age*
65+	3,552	4,772	9	8,333	3.45%
60-64	2,706	3,740	4	6,450	2.67%
55-59	3,634	5,403	3	9,040	3.74%
50-54	4,342	8,182	4	12,528	5.19%
45-49	4,885	10,921	10	15,816	6.55%
40-44	6,898	16,683	5	23,586	9.77%
35-39	8,014	21,708	16	29,738	12.32%
30-34	8,805	25,353	12	34,170	14.15%
25-29	8,530	25,229	11	33,770	13.99%
20-24	7,737	24,351	21	32,109	13.30%
15-19	5,626	14,241	13	19,880	8.23%
10-14	2,925	5,473	11	8,409	3.48%
Under 10	3,150	3,772	19	6,941	2.87%
Unknown Age	228	374	63	665	0.28%
Total	71,032	170,202	201	241,435	100.00%
Total % by Sex	29.42%	70.50%	0.08%	100.00%	

Family Violence Relationship of Victim to Offender

Type	Group %	Relationship of Victim to Offender		
		Relationship	*Count*	*% Total*
Marital	21.87%	Wife	26,920	10.71%
		Common-Law Wife	7,922	3.15%
		Husband	9,409	3.74%
		Ex-Wife	6,363	2.53%
		Common-Law Husband	2,339	0.93%
		Ex-Husband	2,000	0.80%
Parental / Child	16.75%	Mother	15,191	6.05%
		Daughter	8,789	3.50%
		Son	6,180	2.46%
		Father	5,834	2.32%
		Stepdaughter	2,144	0.85%
		Stepfather	1,785	0.71%
		Stepson	1,417	0.56%
		Stepmother	735	0.29%
		Foster Parent	1	0.00%
		Foster Child	0	0.00%
Other Family	61.38%	Other Female Family Member	87,028	34.64%
		Other Male Family Member	29,162	11.61%
		Sister	9,210	3.67%
		Brother	7,257	2.89%
		Female Roommate	6,901	2.75%
		Male Roommate	6,218	2.47%
		Female In-Law	2,526	1.01%
		Male In-Law	1,939	0.77%
		Grandmother	1,507	0.60%
		Granddaughter	879	0.35%
		Stepsister	451	0.18%
		Grandfather	514	0.20%
		Grandson	397	0.16%
		Stepbrother	242	0.10%
	100.00%	**Total**	**251,260**	**100.00%**

Family Violence Offenders by Age and Sex

Age	Male	Female	Sex Unknown	Total	Total % by Age
65+	3,201	1,272	1	4,474	1.91%
60-64	3,585	1,243	5	4,833	2.06%
55-59	5,661	2,058	2	7,721	3.29%
50-54	8,275	2,987	9	11,271	4.80%
45-49	11,323	3,928	9	15,260	6.50%
40-44	17,769	6,122	6	23,897	10.18%
35-39	23,622	8,472	9	32,103	13.68%
30-34	28,194	10,157	15	38,366	16.35%
25-29	26,519	10,008	18	36,545	15.57%
20-24	21,840	9,591	15	31,446	13.40%
15-19	12,794	7,095	19	19,908	8.48%
10-14	4,131	2,563	8	6,702	2.86%
Under 10	118	33	0	151	0.06%
Unknown Age	1,447	589	3	2,039	0.87%
Total	**168,479**	**66,118**	**119**	**234,716**	**100.00%**
Total % by Sex	**71.78%**	**28.17%**	**0.05%**	**100.00%**	

Family Violence Offenses with Weapons Used by Weapon Type

Weapons	Count	% Total
Personal Weapons/ Strong Arm	184,587	72.24%
None	27,892	10.92%
Other	17,650	6.91%
Firearm (All Types)	9,726	3.81%
Knife	8,927	3.49%
Blunt Object	3,879	1.52%
Unknown	2,872	1.12%
Total	**255,533**	**100.00%**

For this report, the police officers who responded to the disturbance call determined the extent of the injuries, and all injuries were considered apparent injuries. If later medical attention indicated that the injuries were more, or less, severe than the responding officer noted, this information would not be included in the family violence report.

Family Violence Injury By Injury Type

Injury	*Count*	*% Total*
Minor	133,052	52.43%
Major	12,395	4.88%
No Injury	108,317	42.68%
Total	**253,764**	**100.00%**

Family Violence Major Injury Breakdown

Major Injury Type	*Count*	*% Total*
Other Major Injury	3,796	30.63%
Internal	3,688	29.75%
Severe Laceration	2,379	19.19%
Unconsciousness	1,502	12.12%
Broken Bones	843	6.80%
Loss of Teeth	187	1.51%
Total	**12,395**	**100.00%**

Hate Crime

The Texas Hate Crimes Act, Section 411.046 of the Texas Government Code, defines hate crimes as crimes that are motivated by prejudice, hatred, or advocacy of violence, including, but not limited to, incidents for which statistics are or were kept under Public Law 101-275 (the Federal Hate Crime Statistics Act). The federal law further defines Hate Crimes as crimes that manifest evidence of prejudice based on race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, religion, disability, gender, and/or gender identity.

Hate Crime: Number of Incidents, January - December 2022
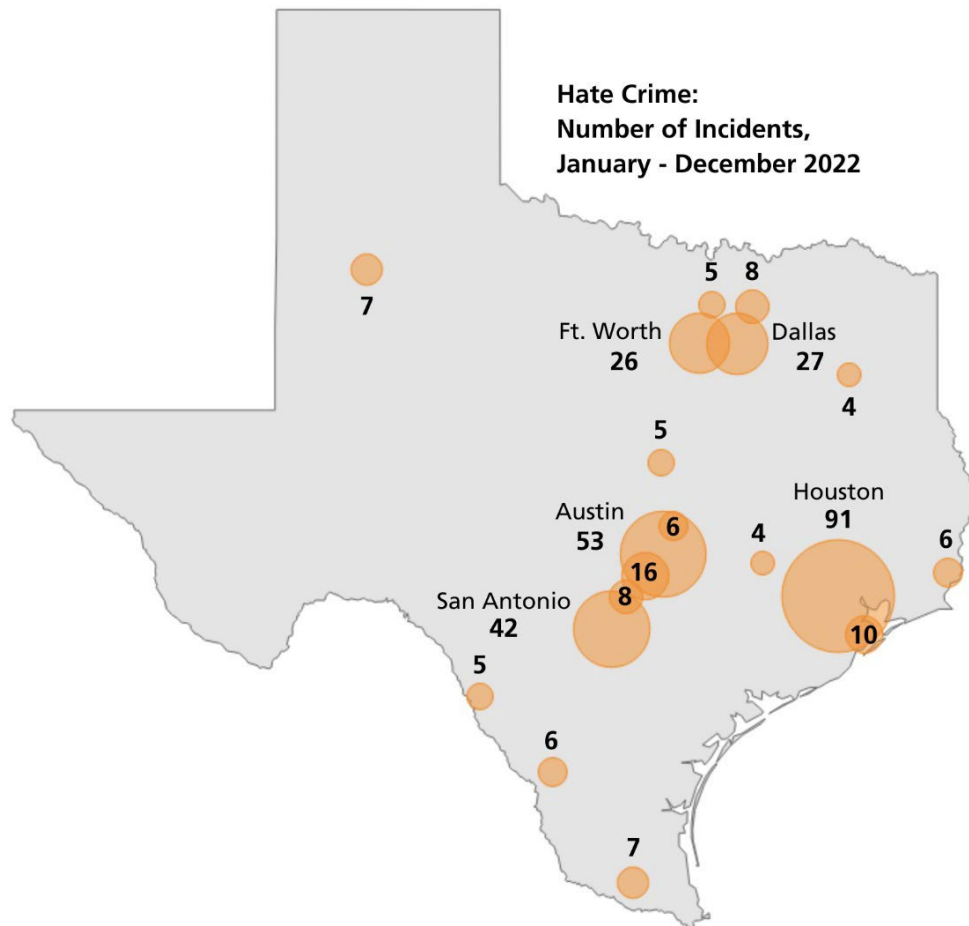
Hate Crime Volume by Population Size

Agency Size by Population Range	Hate Crime	% of 2022 Hate Crime	Clearance	% of Hate Crime Cleared
Under 2,500 Population	53	7.63%	4	7.55%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	57	8.20%	18	31.58%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	78	11.22%	22	28.21%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	66	9.50%	12	18.18%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	62	8.92%	11	17.74%
Over 100,000 Population	379	54.53%	63	16.62%
Total	**695**	**100.00%**	**130**	**18.71%**

Hate Crime Volume by Population Size- Top 25 Volume

Agency Size by Population Range	Hate Crime	% of Hate Crime
Under 2,500 Population	8	2.38%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	0	0.00%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	15	4.46%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	29	8.63%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	25	7.44%
Over 100,000 Population	259	77.08%
Total	**336**	**100.00%**

Hate Crime Volume by Population Size- Remaining Jurisdiction Volume

Agency Size by Population Range	Hate Crime	% of Hate Crime
Under 2,500 Population	45	12.53%
2,500 to 9,999 Population	57	15.88%
10,000 to 24,999 Population	63	17.55%
25,000 to 49,999 Population	37	10.31%
50,000 to 99,999 Population	37	10.31%
Over 100,000 Population	120	33.43%
Total	**359**	**100.00%**

Hate Crime Volume

Top 25 Volume: 48%
Remaining Agency's Volume: 52%
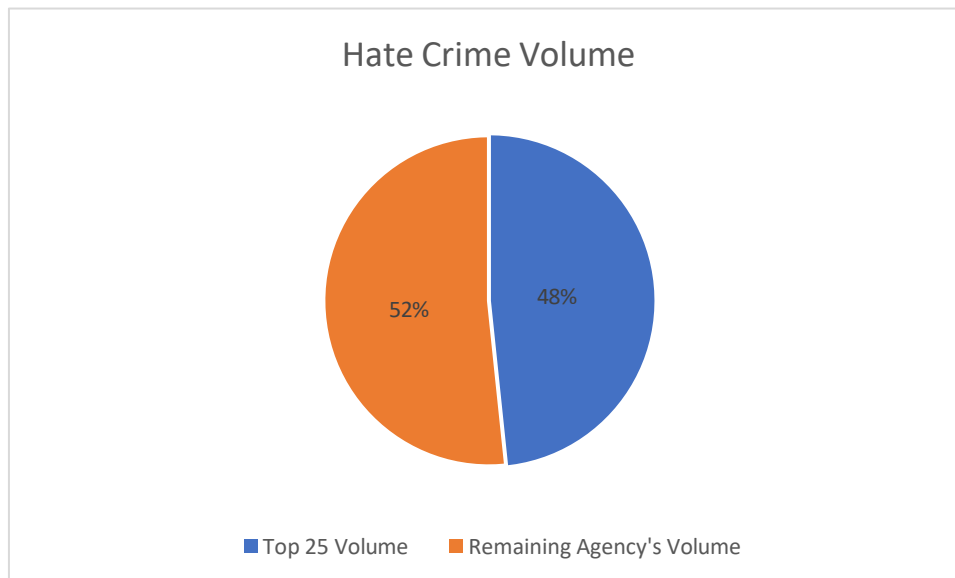
Hate Crime Rate by Population Size

Agency Size by Population Range	Hate Crime Rate	Population Range Totals	Clearance Rate
Under 2,500 Population	17.17	308,660	1.30
2,500 to 9,999 Population	3.44	1,658,835	1.09
10,000 to 24,999 Population	2.72	2,872,631	0.77
25,000 to 49,999 Population	2.30	2,873,064	0.42
50,000 to 99,999 Population	1.92	3,237,258	0.34
Over 100,000 Population	2.03	18,697,632	0.34
Total	**2.34**	**29,648,080**	**0.44**

Hate Crime Offenses by Bias Groups

Offense	Disability	Ethnicity	Racial	Religion	Sexual Orientation	Total
09A - Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter	0	0	0	0	2	2
100 - Kidnapping/Abduction	0	0	1	0	0	1
11A – Rape	0	1	1	0	0	2
11B – Sodomy	0	0	1	0	1	2
11D – Fondling	0	0	3	0	0	3
120 – Robbery	0	5	5	0	2	12
13A - Aggravated Assault	2	11	51	5	24	93
13B - Simple Assault	9	32	53	15	58	167
13C – Intimidation	5	39	72	13	50	179
200 – Arson	0	0	1	1	0	2
220 - Burglary/Breaking and Entering	0	0	7	4	2	13
23C – Shoplifting	0	0	3	3	1	7
23D - Theft From Building	1	0	3	1	2	7
23E - Theft From Coin-Operated Machine or Device	0	0	1	0	0	1
23F - Theft From Motor Vehicle	0	0	10	2	1	13
23G - Theft From Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories	0	0	1	0	0	1
23H - All Other Larceny	0	0	9	10	8	27
240 - Motor Vehicle Theft	0	1	2	1	1	5
250 - Counterfeiting/Forgery	0	0	0	1	0	1
26A - False Pretense/Swindle/Confidence Game	1	1	4	1	1	8
26B - Credit Card/Automatic Teller Machine Fraud	0	0	0	1	0	1
26C – Impersonation	0	1	0	0	0	1
270 – Embezzlement	0	0	0	1	0	1
280 - Stolen Property Offenses	0	1	1	0	0	2
290 - Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property	2	8	59	18	35	122
35A - Drug/Narcotic Violations	0	1	7	4	1	13
35B - Drug Equipment Violations	0	0	0	1	0	1
40A – Prostitution	0	0	1	0	0	1
520 - Weapons Law Violations	1	0	6	0	0	7
720 - Animal Cruelty	0	0	0	1	0	1
Total	**21**	**101**	**302**	**83**	**189**	**696**

Hate Crime by Bias Motivation

Hate Crime Bias Motivation	Group %	Bias Type	Count	Total %
Race/ Ethnicity/ Ancestry	56.39%	11. Anti-White	58	9.88%
		12. Anti-Black or African American	145	24.70%
		13. Anti-Am. Indian/Alaskan Native	15	2.56%
		14. Anti-Asian	18	3.07%
		15. Anti-Multi Racial (Group)	9	1.53%
		16. Anti-Hawaiian/Pacific Islander	3	0.51%
		31. Anti-Arab	5	0.85%
		32. Anti-Hispanic/Latino	57	9.71%
		33. Anti-Other Race/Eth/Ancestry	21	3.58%
Sexual Orientation	21.29%	41. Anti-Male Homosexual	56	9.54%
		42. Anti-Female Homosexual	15	2.56%
		43. Anti-LGBT (Mixed Group)	49	8.35%
		44. Anti-Heterosexual	3	0.51%
		45. Anti-Bisexual	2	0.34%
Religious	11.41%	21. Anti-Jewish	21	3.58%
		22. Anti-Catholic	3	0.51%
		23. Anti-Protestant	8	1.36%
		24. Anti-Islamic (Muslim)	5	0.85%
		25. Anti-Other Religion	7	1.19%
		26. Anti-Multi Religion (Group)	2	0.34%
		27. Anti-Atheism/Agnostic/etc.	3	0.51%
		28. Anti-Mormon	1	0.17%
		29. Anti-Jehovah's Witness	1	0.17%
		81. Anti-Eastern Orthodox	0	0.00%
		82. Anti-Other Christian	3	0.51%
		83. Anti-Buddhist	0	0.00%
		84. Anti-Hindu	1	0.17%
		85. Anti-Sikh	12	2.04%
Disability	2.73%	51. Anti-Physical Disability	4	0.68%
		52. Anti-Mental Disability	12	2.04%
Gender	1.36%	61. Anti-Male	1	0.17%
		62. Anti-Female	7	1.19%
Gender Identity	6.81%	71. Anti-Transgender	30	5.11%
		72. Anti-Gender Non-Conforming	10	1.70%
	100.00%	Total	587	100.00%

Hate Crime Volume by Month

Activity	January	February	March	April	May	June
Hate Crime	34	37	36	43	38	61
Activity	July	August	September	October	November	December
Hate Crime	52	43	54	57	32	75

Activity	Totals
Hate Crime	**562**

Hate Crime Rate by Month

Activity	January	February	March	April	May	June
Hate Crime	0.11	0.12	0.12	0.14	0.13	0.20
Activity	July	August	September	October	November	December
Hate Crime	0.17	0.14	0.18	0.19	0.11	0.25

Activity	Totals
Hate Crime	**1.87**

Hate Crime Victim by Age and Sex

Age	Male	Female	Sex Unknown	Total	Total % by Age
65+	21	22	0	43	7.08%
60-64	13	8	0	21	3.46%
55-59	28	13	1	42	6.92%
50-54	20	14	2	36	5.93%
45-49	24	25	0	49	8.07%
40-44	25	27	0	52	8.57%
35-39	38	27	0	65	10.71%
30-34	48	22	1	71	11.70%
25-29	35	28	2	65	10.71%
20-24	36	23	0	59	9.72%
15-19	27	18	0	45	7.41%
10-14	19	21	0	40	6.59%
Under 10	2	6	0	8	1.32%
Unknown Age	3	3	5	11	1.81%
Total	**339**	**257**	**11**	**607**	**100.00%**
Total % by Sex	**55.85%**	**42.34%**	**1.81%**		

Information on the victims of hate crimes is limited to victim type. In the hate crime data collection, the victim type is listed as: individual, business, financial institution, government, religious organization, other, and unknown. "Other" victim type, for UCR purposes, is when the victim does not fit into any of the allowable types. "Unknown" victim type, for UCR purposes, is when the victim type is not known.

Hate Crime Victim by Victim Type

Victim Types	Victim Total	% of Total Victims
Individual	593	88.38%
Business	59	8.79%
Financial	0	0.00%
Government	7	1.04%
Religious	11	1.64%
Other	1	0.15%
Unknown	0	0.00%
Total	**671**	**100.00%**

Hate Crime Victim Relationship to Offender

Relationship of Victim to Offender	Relationships	% by Relationships
Acquaintance	86	14.78%
Baby/Child in the Care of a Babysitter	0	0.00%
Boyfriend/Girlfriend	3	0.52%
Child	8	1.37%
Child of Boyfriend/Girlfriend	0	0.00%
Common-Law Spouse	9	1.55%
Employee	4	0.69%
Employer	5	0.86%
Ex-Relationship (Ex-boyfriend/ex-girlfriend)	5	0.86%
Ex-Spouse	3	0.52%
Friend	5	0.86%
Grandchild	0	0.00%
Grandparent	0	0.00%
In-law	2	0.34%
Neighbor	42	7.22%
Other Family Member	6	1.03%
Otherwise Known	44	7.56%
Parent	4	0.69%
Relationship Unknown	155	26.63%
Sibling	7	1.20%
Spouse	5	0.86%
Step-child	1	0.17%
Step-parent	1	0.17%
Step-sibling	1	0.17%
Stranger	182	31.27%
Total	**578**	**100.00%**

Hate Crime Offender by Age and Sex

Age	Male	Female	Sex Unknown	Total	Total % by Age
65+	14	3	1	18	2.35%
60-64	13	2	0	15	1.96%
55-59	18	6	0	24	3.13%
50-54	17	0	1	18	2.35%
45-49	29	3	0	32	4.18%
40-44	38	13	0	51	6.66%
35-39	41	12	1	54	7.05%
30-34	42	12	0	54	7.05%
25-29	62	14	0	76	9.92%
20-24	40	8	0	48	6.27%
15-19	56	6	1	63	8.22%
10-14	42	10	0	52	6.79%
Under 10	1	0	0	1	0.13%
Unknown Age	52	13	195	260	33.94%
Total	**465**	**102**	**199**	**766**	**100.00%**
Total % by Sex	**60.70%**	**13.32%**	**25.98%**		

Hate Crime Offender Suspected of Using during Commission of Crime

Suspected of Using	Total	% of Using by Type
Alcohol	36	5.67%
Computer Equipment (Handheld Devices)	13	2.05%
Drugs/Narcotics	23	3.62%
Not Applicable (Mutually Exclusive)	563	88.66%
Total	**635**	**100.00%**

Hate Crime Volume and Rate- 5 years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Volume	380	407	550	508	562
Rate	1.32	1.40	1.87	1.72	1.87

Drugs Seized

The State of Texas mandates reporting of drugs seized. Drug seizure information is presented in compliance with Health and Safety Code, Sec. 481.185. It requires that "all law enforcement agencies in this state shall file monthly with the [DPS] Director a report of all arrests for drug offenses made and quantities of controlled substances seized by them during the preceding month."

The Drugs Seized data categories are based on the NIBRS guidelines, so certain drugs may not be listed separately. Two high-profile drugs fall into general NIBRS drug categories; **Fentanyl** falls within "Synthetic Drugs," and **Tetrahydrocannabinol (THC)** falls within "Marijuana."

Crime trends indicate that many illegal drugs can be seized in any measurement unit. The current drug seized reports were developed years ago and are limited to certain Drug Measurement types. Future reporting system will expand the reports to address this and include all measurement types: solids, liquids, dose units, and items (which indicates number of plants and is only for marijuana, opium, and peyote).

Drug Seizures

Types		Quantities					
Class	Type	Pounds	Ounces	Grams	Liquid Ounces	Dose Units	Items/Plants
Cannabinoids	Marijuana	69,972	22,810	0	0	0	393
	Hashish	1,522	1,045	4,726	1,388	0	0
Opiates	Morphine	68	31	406	261	158	0
	Heroin	13,658	881	6,910	2,651	1,009	0
	Codeine	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Gum Opium	21	196	1,668	0	0	0
	Cocaine Solid	71,704	2,935	21,296	0	0	0
	Cocaine Liquid	0	0	0	15,048	0	0
Hallucinogens	LSD	1	21	343	0	11,625	0
	PCP	4	204	1,904	2,039	74	0
	Mushrooms	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Peyote	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Designer Drugs	223,753	1,689	9,598	19,601	4,496	0
Precursor Chemicals		102	75	334	43	0	0
Other Drugs	Barbiturates	0	0	0	166	27,781	0
	Amphetamines	57,754	6,965	43,538	26,118	10,051	0
	Methamphetamines	0	0	3	0	0	0
	Tranquilizers	0	0	0	1,393	8,547	0
	Synthetic Drugs	0	0	0	65,079	173,008	0
Clandestine Labs		0	0	0	0	0	221

DPS Drug Seizures

Types		Quantities					
Class	Type	Pounds	Ounces	Grams	Liquid Ounces	Dose Units	Items/Plants
Cannabinoids	Marijuana	27,012	0	0	0	6,546	31
Cannabinoids	Hashish	0	0	0	0	0	0
Opiates	Morphine	0	0	19	0	7	0
Opiates	Heroin	238	0	0	0	0	0
Opiates	Codeine	106	0	759	0	446,300	0
Opiates	Gum Opium	0	0	0	0	0	0
Opiates	Cocaine Solid	3,862	0	0	0	0	0
Opiates	Cocaine Liquid	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hallucinogens	LSD	2	0	0	0	95	0
Hallucinogens	PCP	77	0	0	0	0	0
Hallucinogens	Mushrooms	285	0	0	0	0	0
Hallucinogens	Peyote	0	0	0	0	0	0
Hallucinogens	Designer Drugs	89	0	278	0	1,653	0
Precursor Chemicals		0	0	0	0	0	0
Other Drugs	Barbiturates	0	0	0	0	13	
Other Drugs	Amphetamines	50	0	1,626	0	34,075	0
Other Drugs	Methamphetamines	66,726	0	0	7,044	9,999	0
Other Drugs	Tranquilizers	0	0	0	0	28,681	0
Other Drugs	Synthetic Drugs	412	0	0	0	135,090	0
Clandestine Labs		0	0	0	0	0	0

Driving Under the Influence Arrests

For Uniform Crime Reporting purposes, Driving Under the Influence (DUI) is defined as driving or operating any motor vehicle or common carrier while mentally or physically impaired as the result of consuming an alcoholic beverage or using a drug or narcotic. This is a Group B offense, and only arrest information is reported.

Volume of Offenders Arrested by Year- 10 Years

Year	Total Arrests	% Change
2022	58,643	-6.54%
2021	62,749	3.03%
2020	60,906	-15.36%
2019	71,959	-2.73%
2018	73,978	6.64%
2017	69,372	11.30%
2016	62,327	-5.00%
2015	65,609	-7.03%
2014	70,569	-5.65%
2013	74,792	N/A

Law Enforcement Officers

The ratio of law enforcement officers per 1,000 citizens has risen in the past four years but not at a rate to keep pace with the growth in the state's population.

Law Enforcement Officers in Texas

Full-Time Sworn Law Enforcement Officers- 10 Years

Years	Male	Female	Total LEO	Percentage Change from Prior Year of Total LEO
2022	51,472	8,339	59,811	0.34%
2021	51,199	8,411	59,610	1.54%
2020	50,880	7,826	58,706	12.78%
2019	45,249	6,806	52,055	15.37%
2018	39,165	5,955	45,120	2.48%
2017	38,445	5,581	44,026	-2.41%
2016	39,803	5,309	45,112	-1.86%
2015	40,530	5,438	45,968	13.94%
2014	35,544	4,801	40,345	-12.27%
2013	40,952	5,038	45,990	-7.55%

Full-Time Sworn Law Enforcement Officers per Citizen- 10 Years

Years	Total LEO	Texas Population	Officers per 1,000 Citizens	Percentage Change from Prior Year of Officers per Citizen
2022	59,811	30,029,572	1.99	-1.34%
2021	59,610	29,527,640	2.02	0.97%
2020	58,706	29,360,759	2.00	11.38%
2019	52,055	28,995,881	1.80	14.20%
2018	45,120	28,701,845	1.57	1.07%
2017	44,026	28,304,596	1.56	-4.07%
2016	45,112	27,821,692	1.62	-3.11%
2015	45,968	27,469,114	1.67	11.70%
2014	40,345	26,929,906	1.50	-13.84%
2013	45,990	26,448,193	1.74	-8.91%
2012	49,748	26,059,203	1.91	N/A
Average	49,681	28,149,855	1.76	0.80%

Law Enforcement Officers Killed and Assaulted (LEOKA)

While 2022 data reflects a minimal decrease in incidents, the five-year comparison shows a steady increase in attacks on peace officers.

Law Enforcement Officers Killed in the Line of Duty

Activity	2021 Count	2022 Count	2021-2022 % Change
Killed	8	4	-50.00%
Total	8	4	-50.00%

Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted and Clearances

Activity	2021 Count	2022 Count	2021-2022 % Change
Assaults	5,228	5,728	9.56%
Cleared by Arrest	4,264	4,855	13.86%
% Cleared	81.56%	84.76%	3.92%

Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted by Injury Type

By Injury	2021 Count	2021 Total %	2022 Count	2022 Total %	2021-2022 % Change
Minor or Non-Serious Injury	2,875	54.99%	3,171	55.36%	10.30%
Injury	2,353	45.01%	2,557	44.64%	8.67%
Total	**5,228**	**100.00%**	**5,728**	**100.00%**	**9.56%**

Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted by Weapon Type

By Weapon	2021 Count	2021 Total %	2022 Count	2022 Total %	2021-2022 % Change
Personal Weapons/ Strong Arm	4,077	77.98%	4,589	80.12%	12.56%
Other	672	12.85%	729	12.73%	8.48%
Firearm	378	7.23%	307	5.36%	-18.78%
Knife or Cutting Inst.	101	1.93%	103	1.80%	1.98%
Total	**5,228**	**100.0%**	**5,728**	**100.00%**	**9.56%**

Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted by Activity

Activity	2021 Count	2021 Total %	2022 Count	2022 Total %	2021-2022 % Change
Disturbance Call	1,275	24.39%	1,528	27.03%	19.84%
Attempting Other Arrests	1,210	23.14%	1,354	23.64%	11.90%
Handling of Prisoners	952	18.21%	912	15.92%	-4.20%
All Other Circumstances	657	12.57%	675	11.78%	2.74%
Traffic Pursuits and Stops	421	8.05%	512	8.94%	21.62%
Suspicious Persons	397	7.59%	437	7.63%	10.08%
Mentally Deranged	135	2.58%	144	2.51%	6.67%
Ambush-No Warning	62	1.19%	31	0.54%	-50.00%
Burglary in Progress	59	1.13%	62	1.08%	5.08%
Robbery in Progress	30	0.57%	32	0.56%	6.67%
Civil Disorder	30	0.57%	41	0.72%	36.67%
Total	**5,228**	**100.00%**	**5,728**	**100.36%**	**9.56%**

Law Enforcement Officers Killed in the Line of Duty- 5 Years

Killed	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2021-2022 % Change	2018-2022 % Change
Killed	3	9	7	8	4	-50.00%	33.33%
Total	**3**	**9**	**7**	**8**	**4**	**-50.00%**	**33.33%**

Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted- 5 Years

Year	Assaults	% Change
2022	5,728	9.56%
2021	5,228	-0.63%
2020	5,261	8.74%
2019	4,838	4.79%
2018	4,617	N/A

Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted by Injury Type- 5 Years

By Injury	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2021-2022 % Change	2018-2022 % Change
Minor or Non-Serious Injury	2,601	2,620	2,926	2,875	3,171	10.30%	21.91%
Injury	2,016	2,218	2,335	2,353	2,557	8.67%	26.84%
Total	**4,617**	**4,838**	**5,261**	**5,228**	**5,728**	**9.56%**	**24.06%**

Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted by Weapon Type- 5 Years

By Weapon	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2021-2022 % Change	2018-2022 % Change
Personal Weapons/Strong Arm	3,812	3,974	4,097	4,077	4,589	12.56%	20.38%
Other	474	479	728	672	729	8.48%	53.80%
Firearm	235	293	325	378	307	-18.78%	30.64%
Knife or Cutting Inst.	96	92	111	101	103	1.98%	7.29%
Total	**4,617**	**4,838**	**5,261**	**5,228**	**5,728**	**9.56%**	**24.06%**

Law Enforcement Officers Assaulted by Activity- 5 Years

Activity	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2021-2022 % Change	2018-2022 % Change
Disturbance Call	1,169	1,146	1,350	1,275	1,528	19.84%	30.71%
Attempting Other Arrests	864	1,138	1,053	1,210	1,354	11.90%	56.71%
Handling of Prisoners	600	641	723	952	912	-4.20%	52.00%
All Other Circumstances	610	629	657	657	675	2.74%	10.66%
Traffic Pursuits and Stops	475	391	499	421	512	21.62%	7.79%
Suspicious Persons	528	529	549	397	437	10.08%	-17.23%
Mentally Deranged	205	190	191	135	144	6.67%	-29.76%
Ambush-No Warning	16	14	40	62	31	-50.00%	93.75%
Burglary in Progress	68	68	81	59	62	5.08%	-8.82%
Robbery in Progress	58	55	43	30	32	6.67%	-44.83%
Civil Disorder	24	37	75	30	41	36.67%	70.83%
Total	**4,617**	**4,838**	**5,261**	**5,228**	**5,728**	**9.56%**	**24.06%**

Glossary of Terms

The following is a collection of terms and definitions as they relate to Texas criminal offenses, federal National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS) guidelines/offenses, and the Uniform Crime Reporting (UCR) Program.

Adult

In Texas, an adult is a person 17 years of age or older. Federal law provides that an adult is a person 18 years of age or older. Unless otherwise indicated, this publication follows the state definition for adult.

Affinity

The connection existing, as a consequence of marriage, between married persons and the kindred of the other.

Aggravated Assault

An unlawful attack by one person upon another wherein the offender uses a weapon or displays it in a threatening manner, or the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness. This also includes assault with disease (as in cases when the offender is aware that he/she is infected with a deadly disease and deliberately attempts to inflict the disease by biting, spitting, etc.).

All Other Offenses

All violations of state and/or local laws, except crimes that fall under another UCR offense category and traffic offenses. This is a Group B offense and only arrest information is reported.

Arson

To unlawfully and intentionally damage, or attempt to damage, any real or personal property by fire or incendiary device, with or without intent to defraud.

Bribery

The offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of anything of value (i.e., a bribe, gratuity, or kickback) to sway the judgment or action of a person in a position of trust or influence.

Burglary/Breaking and Entering

The unlawful entry into a building or other structure with the intent to commit a felony or a theft.

Cargo Theft

Cargo theft in UCR refers to taking possession illegally of any cargo shipment including but not limited to the following categories: cargo shipment of goods, chattels, money, baggage that constitutes, in whole, in part, a commercial shipment of freight moving in commerce, from any pipeline system, railroad car, motor truck, other vehicle, from any tank, storage facility, station house, platform, depot, from any vessel, wharf, from any aircraft, air terminal, airport, aircraft terminal, air navigation facility, from any intermodal container, intermodal chassis, trailer, container freight station, warehouse, freight distribution facility, freight consolidation facility. For purposes of this definition, cargo shall be deemed as moving in commerce at all points between the point of origin and the final destination, regardless of any temporary stop while awaiting transshipment or otherwise.

Consanguinity

Kinship or blood relationship; the relationship of persons who are descended from a common ancestor.

Crime Factors

Conditions that affect the amount and type of crime that occurs in a geographical area.

Crime Index

The sum of seven index offenses used to measure the extent, fluctuation, and distribution of crime in a given geographical area. Crime classifications used in the Crime Index are the following: murder, rape,

robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft. Arson and human trafficking are also classified as index offenses but are not part of the Crime Index.

Crime Rate

The number of offenses per 100,000 inhabitants. To calculate the crime rate, divide the number of offenses by the population and then multiply by 100,000. The crime rate is useful in determining the relative frequency of crime without regard to fluctuations in population.

Crime Volume

Crime volume is the aggregate sum of the offenses within the crime index.

Curfew/Loitering/Vagrancy Violations

The violation of a court order, regulation, ordinance, or law requiring the withdrawal of persons from the streets or other specified areas; prohibiting persons from remaining in an area or place in an idle or aimless manner; or prohibiting persons from going from place to place without visible means of support. These are Group B offenses and only arrest information is reported.

Disorderly Conduct

Any behavior that tends to disturb the public or decorum, scandalize the community, or shock the public sense of morality. This is a Group B offense and only arrest information is reported, unless this is related to one of the Texas Penal Code sex offenses.

Driving Under the Influence (DUI)

Driving or operating any motor vehicle or common carrier while mentally or physically impaired as the result of consuming an alcoholic beverage or using a drug or narcotic. This is a Group B offense and only arrest information is reported.

Drug Abuse Violations

All arrests for violation of state and/or local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation and/or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance.

Drunkenness (Intoxication)

To drink alcoholic beverages to the extent that one's mental faculties and physical coordination are substantially impaired. Excludes Driving under the influence (DUI). This is a Group B offense and only arrest information is reported.

Ethnicity (Ethnic Origin)

In UCR, race and ethnic origin are counted as two separate designations. The ethnic origin categories were adopted from the U.S. Department of Commerce and are Hispanic and not Hispanic. Included as Hispanic are all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Extortion/Blackmail

To unlawfully obtain money, property, or any other thing of value, either tangible or intangible, through the use or threat of force, misuse of authority, threat of criminal prosecution, threat of destruction of reputation or social standing, or through other coercive means.

Family

For UCR purposes, is defined as individuals related by blood, affinity, marriage, former marriage, biological parents of the same child, foster children, foster parents, members of the same household or former members of the same household.

Family Violence

An act by a member of a family or household (as defined by the Texas Family Code) against another member that is intended to result in physical harm, bodily injury, assault or a threat that reasonably places the member in fear of imminent physical harm.

Forgery and Counterfeiting

The altering, copying, or imitation of something, without authority or right, with the intent to deceive or defraud by passing the copy or thing altered or imitated as that which is original or genuine; or the selling, buying, or possession of an altered, copied, or imitated thing with the intent to deceive or defraud. Includes attempts.

Fraud

The intentional perversion of the truth for the purpose of inducing another person, or other entity, in reliance upon it to part with something of value or to surrender a legal right. This excludes Forgery and Counterfeiting, as the FBI assigned those their own offense.

Gambling

Promoting, permitting, or engaging in illegal gambling.

Embezzlement

The unlawful misappropriation by an offender to his/her own use or purpose of money, property, or some other thing of value entrusted to his/her care, custody, or control. Includes attempts. In general, an employer/employee or legal agent relationship must exist for Embezzlement to occur.

Hate Crime Bias Motivation

Hate crime bias motivation, relates to crimes where the offender(s) are motivated by prejudice, hatred, or advocacy of violence. The offender's bias motivation must be against one of the protected classes, as defined by the FBI, regardless of whether the victim was part of that or any protected class.

Hierarchy Rule

For SRS submissions, when several offenses are committed simultaneously by one person or group of persons, the hierarchy rule in UCR mandates that only the most serious offense is recorded for statistical purposes. Arson is an exception to this rule.

Human Trafficking

Human Trafficking includes both Commercial Sex Acts and Involuntary Servitude.

Commercial Sex Acts

Inducing a person by force, fraud, or coercion to participate in commercial sex acts, or in which the person induced to perform such act(s) has not attained 18 years of age.

Involuntary Servitude

The obtaining of a person(s) through recruitment, harboring, transportation, or provision, and subjecting such persons by force, fraud, or coercion into involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery (not to include commercial sex acts).

Index Crime

A crime for which reports of offenses committed are collected. Index crimes are murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny-theft, motor vehicle theft, arson, and human trafficking.

Intimidation

To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Justifiable Homicide (Not a Crime)

The killing of a perpetrator of a serious criminal offense by a peace officer in the line of duty, or the killing, during the commission of a serious criminal offense, of the perpetrator by a private individual.

Juvenile

In Texas, a juvenile is a person under 17 years of age (i.e., 16 years and under). At the federal level, Juvenile is a person under 18 years of age (i.e., 17 years and under). Unless otherwise indicated, this publication follows the state definition for juvenile.

Kidnapping/Abduction

The unlawful seizure, transportation, and/or detention of a person against his/her will, or of a minor without the consent of his/her custodial parent(s) or legal guardian.

Larceny-Theft

The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. This includes pocket-picking, purse-snatching, shoplifting, theft from motor vehicles, theft of motor vehicle parts and accessories, theft of bicycles, theft from buildings and theft from coin-operated machines.

Liquor Laws

State and/or local liquor law violations, except drunkenness and driving under the influence. Federal violations are excluded. This is a Group B offense and only arrest information is reported.

Manslaughter by Negligence (Negligent Manslaughter)

The killing of another person through gross negligence. This offense includes killings resulting from hunting accidents, gun cleaning, children playing with guns, etc. It does not include deaths of persons due to their own negligence, accidental deaths not resulting from gross negligence, and accidental traffic fatalities. This offense does not include Vehicular Manslaughter, which are reported as Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter if not accidental or All Other Offenses if accidental.

Motor Vehicle Theft

The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle, which is defined as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on land surface and not on rails.

Murder and Non-Negligent Manslaughter

The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. This includes any death due to injuries received in a fight, argument, quarrel, assault, or commission of a crime. Suicides, accidental deaths, assaults not resulting in death, traffic fatalities, and attempted murders are not included.

NIBRS

National Incident-Based Reporting System (NIBRS) is an incident-based reporting system or methodology used by law enforcement agencies in the United States for collecting and reporting data on crimes to the Federal UCR program. The FBI maintains the reporting guidelines.

Non-Violent Crime

Non-violent crimes include property crimes which is broken down into burglary, larceny-theft, and motor vehicle theft offenses.

Offenses against the Family and Children

Nonsupport, neglect, desertion, or abuse of family and children. Includes attempts.

Other Assault (Simple)

An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon (other than personal weapon), nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Part One Offenses

The first of two categories of offenses (within the Crime Index) established for crime reporting purposes. Part one offenses are by their nature more serious and/or occur most frequently. The reports of these offenses committed are collected without regard to whether an arrest was made.

Personal Weapon

The use of hands, feet, fists, and teeth as a weapon to commit a crime; also termed "strong-arm weapon."

Pornography/Obscene Material

The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, publishing, sale, purchase, or possession of sexually explicit material, e.g., literature, photographs, etc.

Prejudice

An unreasonable and unjustifiable negative attitude toward a group and its individual members.

Prostitution and commercialized

Sex offenses of a commercialized nature, such as prostitution, keeping a bawdy house, procuring, transporting women for immoral purposes, etc. Includes attempts.

Race

In UCR, race and ethnic origin are counted as two separate designations. The racial categories were adopted from the U.S. Department of Commerce and are as follows: White, Black, American Indian or Alaskan Native, Asian, Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander.

White

A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East.

Black

A person having origins in any of the Black racial groups of Africa.

American Indian or Alaskan Native

A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America), and who maintains tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Asian

A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander

A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Rape

The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Robbery

The taking, or attempting to take, anything of value under confrontational circumstances from the control, custody, or care of another person by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear of immediate harm.

Sex Offenses (Except Rape, Prostitution and Commercialized Vice)

Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Summary Reporting (SRS)

SRS and its methodology had been a national method of collecting UCR statistics for the FBI since 1929. SRS collected basic statistical data and general just tallies of offenses. The FBI elected to sunset SRS at the end of 2020, migrating to the more detailed NIBRS methodology.

SRS Conversion

This CIT report contains both NIBRS and SRS data. To allow for comparison across this mixed data set, the hierarchy rule is applied to NIBRS data to convert it to SRS methodology, so that all data is presented in the common least common denominator.

Part Two Offenses

The second of two categories of offenses (within the Crime Index) established for crime reporting purposes. Part two offenses are generally less serious in nature and/or occur less frequently than part one offenses. Monthly tabulations of part two offenses are limited to arrest information only.

Stolen Property

Receiving, buying, selling, possessing, concealing, or transporting any property with the knowledge that it has been unlawfully taken, as by Burglary, Embezzlement, Fraud, Larceny, Robbery, etc. This includes attempts.

Vandalism/Destruction/Damage of Property

Willful or malicious destruction, injury, disfigurement, or defacement of any public or private property without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control of it. This excludes Arson.

Weapons Law Violations

The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons.