



Uniform Crime Reporting
Crime Records Service
Texas Department of Public Safety

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Annual Report of 2000 UCR Data Collection: Crime in Texas 2000 Overview

The major crime rate in Texas dropped slightly in 2000, according to data compiled by the Texas Department of Public Safety Uniform Crime Reporting Program.

Compared with 1999, the crime rate – the number of crimes per 100,000 population in Texas – declined 1.6 percent in 2000. The violent crime rate was 544.8 compared with 561.0 the year before – a 2.9 percent drop. The property crime rate decreased 1.5 percent from 4474.2 in 1999 to 4407.6 in 2000. The crime rate declined in all seven index crime categories.

“Any drop in the crime rate is welcome,” said Col. Thomas Davis Jr., director of DPS. “The numbers, however, are also a reminder to law enforcement and the public that there is still much work to do.”

The total number of major crimes committed was up by 2.3 percent in 2000 compared to 1999. Of the seven index crimes, burglary showed a light decrease.

The total arrests in Texas declined 1.5 percent in 2000. The number of juvenile arrests dropped 7.0 percent, while adult arrests declined 0.6 percent. Although overall arrests were down, DWI violations increased by 4.4 percent.

The Texas Uniform Crime Reporting Program also collects statistics on hate crimes and family violence incidents. In 2000, Texas law enforcement agencies reported 286 incidents of hate crimes involving 291 victims and 304 offenders. Also, 175,282 incidents of family violence were reported involving 189,615 victims and 185,977 offenders.

Statistical Crime Analysis

Index Crimes

To track variations in crime, UCR summarizes crime information as the Crime Index. The seven crimes that make up the Crime Index are murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, theft and motor vehicle theft.

For each of these crimes, UCR collects reports of crimes, while for non-Index crimes the program tracks only reports of actual arrests.

Index Crime Volume

The total estimated number of Index Crimes reported for 2000 was 1,032,670. This volume of crime represents an increase of 2.3 percent when compared to 1999.

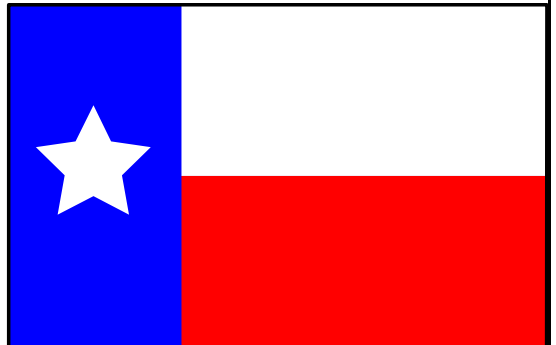
Index Crime Rate

The crime rate reported by UCR is defined as the number of crimes committed per 100,000 population. This mechanism allows comparisons between periods of time to be made without being affected by population swings. For 2000, the Texas Crime Rate was 4952.4 crimes per 100,000 population. Because of a 4.0 percent increase in Texas' population, the crime rate decreased 1.6 percent when compared to 1999. The crime rate is based on the 2000 Texas population of 20,851,820.

Property Value

The value of property stolen during the commission of Index Crimes in 2000 was more than \$1.5 billion.

The value of stolen property recovered by Texas law enforcement agencies in 2000 was more than \$657 million.



Texas Crime Volume By Offense

Offense	2000	1999	% Change
Murder	1,236	1,218	+1.5%
Rape	7,851	7,629	+2.9%
Robbery	30,230	29,424	+2.7%
Aggravated Assault	74,288	74,165	+0.2%
VIOLENT CRIME TOTAL	113,605	112,436	+1.0%
Burglary	189,012	190,347	-0.7%
Theft	636,942	614,478	+3.7%
Motor Vehicle Theft	93,111	91,992	+1.2%
PROPERTY CRIME TOTAL	919,065	896,817	+2.5%
INDEX CRIME TOTAL	1,032,670	1,009,253	+2.3%

Arson

In 2000, reported arson offenses decreased 0.6 percent from 1999. Property damage from arson was reported at over \$107 million in 2000.

- 8,350 arsons in 2000
- 8,397 arsons in 1999

Texas Peace Officers Killed or Assaulted

- Ten Texas law enforcement officers were killed feloniously in the line of duty due to criminal action during 2000.
- Three Texas law enforcement officers were killed in duty-related accidents during 2000.
- There was a 1.7 percent decrease in the number of assaults on Texas officers in 2000 when compared to 1999.
- 4,935 Texas officers were assaulted in 2000.

TEXAS ARREST TOTALS			
Texas Arrests	2000	1999	% Change
Murder	796	855	-6.9%
Aggravated Assault	21,904	22,211	-1.4%
Motor Vehicle Theft	9,007	9,320	-3.4%
Driving Under the Influence	97,019	92,895	+4.4%
Drunkness	152,698	160,346	-4.8%
Drug Possession	95,150	95,610	-0.5%
Sale & Manufacturing	10,507	10,906	-3.7%
Total Drug Offenses	105,657	106,516	-0.8%
Weapons: Carrying-Possessing	10,571	11,759	-10.1%
State Total	1,056,988	1,073,388	-1.5%

Texas Crime Rate by Offense

Offense	2000	1999	% Change
Murder	5.9	6.1	-3.3%
Rape	37.7	38.1	-1.0%
Robbery	145.0	146.8	-1.2%
Aggravated Assault	356.3	370.0	-3.7%
VIOLENT CRIME TOTAL	544.8	561.0	-2.9%
Burglary	906.5	949.6	-4.5%
Theft	3054.6	3065.6	-0.4%
Motor Vehicle Theft	446.5	459.0	-2.7%
PROPERTY CRIME TOTAL	4407.6	4474.2	-1.5%
INDEX CRIME TOTAL	4952.4	5035.2	-1.6%

The UCR Program

In an effort to quantify the increases and decreases in the number of crimes committed in Texas, the Uniform Crime Reporting program (UCR) collects reports of crimes and arrests from Texas law enforcement agencies. This information is printed in *Crime in Texas* and in periodic special news releases.

Data Estimation

Although the Texas UCR program enjoys a high rate of participation among Texas' law enforcement community, not every agency reports its crime information. To provide data that is comparable to other years, it is necessary to estimate the information for non-reporting agencies. In 2000, 969 law enforcement agencies participated in the UCR program.

TEXAS ARREST TOTALS 1991-2000				
Year	Juveniles	% Change	Adults	% Change
2000	145,063	-7.0	911,925	-0.6
1999	155,925	-10.3	917,463	-0.8
1998	173,905	-4.3	925,189	-1.8
1997	181,625	-2.4	942,223	+0.4
1996	186,103	+1.7	938,758	+1.3
1995	182,956	+2.4	926,791	-1.7
1994	178,677	+15.6	942,481	+3.1
1993	154,524	+11.5	914,404	+2.2
1992	138,620	+3.8	894,739	+2.9
1991	133,569	+7.6	869,512	-0.7

Hate Crime

The Texas Hate Crime Act defines hate crimes as crimes motivated by prejudice and hatred, including incidents for which statistics are kept under the federal Hate Crimes Statistics Act. The federal law defines hate crimes as crimes that manifest evidence of prejudice based on race, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity or disability.

The Texas Hate Crimes Act directed every law enforcement agency within Texas to report bias offenses to the Department of Public Safety.

Volume

The total number of reported Texas hate crime incidents in 2000 was 286. This represents an increase of 7.1 percent when compared to 1999. These incidents involved 291 victims, 304 offenders, and resulted in a total of 305 offenses.

HATE CRIME	2000	1999	% Change
Reported Incidents	286	267	+7.1%
Reported Victims	291	262	+11.1%
Reported Offenders	304	302	+0.7%
Reported Offenses	305	286	+6.6%

Bias Motivation

The largest percentage of hate crime reports were racial in nature. The second most commonly reported bias motivation was sexual orientation. The third most common form of hate crime was religious, the fourth most common bias was ethnicity/national origin, and the fifth most common bias was disability.

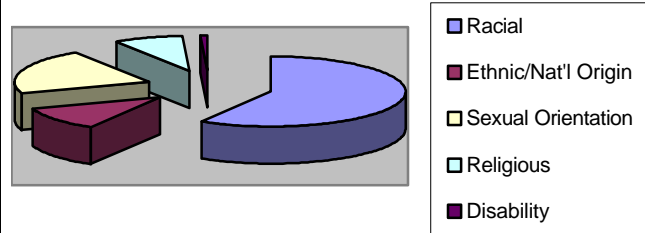
HATE CRIME BIAS MOTIVATION				
Bias Nature	Group %	Bias Type	Volume	% of Total
Racial	56.4%	Anti-White	26	8.5%
		Anti-Black	132	43.3%
		Anti-Am. Indian/Alaskan Native	1	0.3%
		Anti-Asian/Pacific Islander	4	1.3%
		Anti-Multi-Racial	9	3.0%
Sexual Orientation	17.3%	Anti-Male Homosexual	30	9.8%
		Anti-Female Homosexual	11	3.6%
		Anti-Homo. (Male & Female)	11	3.6%
		Anti-Heterosexual	0	0.0%
		Anti-Bisexual	1	0.3%
Religious	15.1%	Anti-Jewish	25	8.2%
		Anti-Catholic	0	0.0%
		Anti-Protestant	4	1.3%
		Anti-Islamic (Moslem)	3	1.0%
		Anti-Other Religion	3	1.0%
Ethnicity/National Origin	10.5%	Anti-Multi-Religious	11	3.6%
		Anti-Atheist/Agnostic	0	0.0%
		Anti-Arab	4	1.3%
		Anti-Hispanic	25	8.2%
		Anti-Other Ethnic\Nat'l Origin	3	1.0%
Disability	0.7%	Anti-Physical	2	0.7%
		Anti-Mental	0	0.0%
Total	100%	Total	305	100%

Location

Residences and homes were the most frequently occurring locations of bias crimes during 2000. The second most common locations were highways, roads, streets and alleys, and the third most common were parking lots and garages.

Location	Volume	%
Air/Bus/Train Terminal	1	0.3%
Bank/Saving and Loan	0	0.0%
Bar/Nightclub	5	1.6%
Church/Synagogue/Temple	26	8.5%
Commercial/Office Bldg	11	3.6%
Construction Site	1	0.3%
Convenience Store	8	2.6%
Department/Discount Store	2	0.7%
Drug Store/Doctor's Office/Hospital	0	0.0%
Field/Woods	4	1.3%
Government/Public Bldg	3	1.0%
Grocery/Supermarket	1	0.3%
Highway/Road/Street/Alley	61	20.0%
Hotel/Motel	0	0.0%
Jail/Prison	3	1.0%
Lake/Waterway	0	0.0%
Liquor Store	0	0.0%
Parking Lot/Garage	37	12.1%
Rental Storage Facility	0	0.0%
Residence/Home	99	32.5%
Restaurant	10	3.3%
School/College	25	8.2%
Service/Gas Station	2	0.7%
Specialty Store	0	0.0%
Other/Unknown	6	2.0%
TOTAL	305	100%

Hate Crime Bias Motivation



Offenders

In 2000, 304 offenders were involved in incidents of hate crimes. Hate crime incidents can be perpetrated by multiple offenders. The following chart displays the suspected offenders' race totaling to 286.

HATE CRIME OFFENDERS BY INCIDENT		
Suspected Offenders Races	Number	%
White	156	54.6%
Black	30	10.5%
American Indian/Alaskan Native	0	0.0%
Asian/Pacific Islander	4	1.4%
Multi-Racial Group	3	1.0%
Unknown	93	32.5%
TOTAL	286	100%

Victims

Information on the victims of hate crimes is limited to victim type. While the bias motivation information identifies the offender's bias, the victim may not actually belong to the group the offender sought to harm. For this reason, information on the victim's group membership is not recorded.

Victim type, in the hate crime data collection program, is listed as: individual, business, financial institution, government, religious organization, society/public, other and unknown. Of the victim types, individuals were the main hate crime target.

HATE CRIME VICTIM TYPE BY OFFENSE		
Victim Type	Number	%
Individual	257	84.2%
Business	10	3.3%
Financial Institution	0	0.0%
Government	8	2.6%
Religious Organization	26	8.5%
Society/Public	2	0.7%
Other	2	0.7%
Unknown	0	0.0%
TOTAL	305	100%

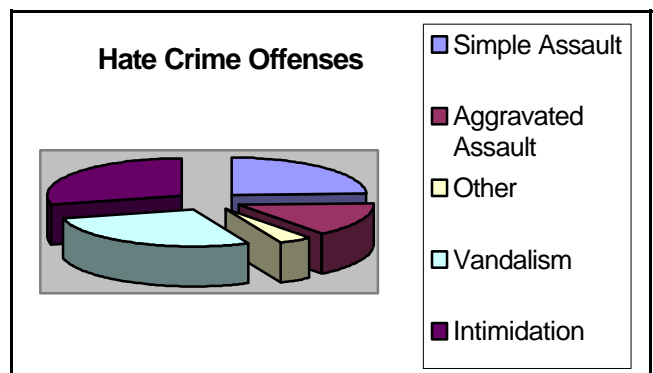
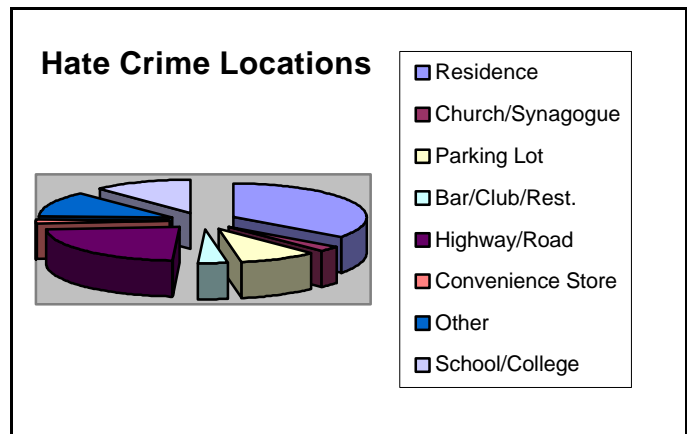
Offenses

Offenses in the hate crime data collection program are defined in accordance with federal Uniform Crime Reporting definitions and do not necessarily conform to Texas state definitions. Complete offense definitions are available in the *Crime in Texas* annual publication or from UCR upon request.

Hate crime offense information falls into the eight index crimes – murder, rape, robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, larceny theft, motor vehicle theft and arson—

plus simple assault, intimidation, and vandalism. Of these offense categories, aggravated assault, simple assault, intimidation and vandalism accounted for 93 percent of all bias crime offenses in 2000.

Offenses	Volume	%
Murder	2	0.7%
Rape	0	0.0%
Robbery	4	1.3%
Aggravated Assault	45	14.7%
Burglary	9	3.0%
Larceny Theft	0	0.0%
Motor Vehicle Theft	1	0.3%
Arson	5	1.6%
Simple Assault	51	16.7%
Intimidation	82	26.9%
Vandalism	106	34.8%
TOTAL	305	100%



FAMILY VIOLENCE

The Texas Family Code defines family violence as an act by a member of a family or household against another member that is intended to result in physical harm, bodily injury, assault, or a threat that reasonably places the member in fear of imminent physical harm. The law excludes the reasonable discipline of a child. By definition "Family" includes individuals related by consanguinity (blood) or affinity, marriage or former marriage, biological parents of the same child, foster children, foster parents, and members or former members of the same household (including roommates).

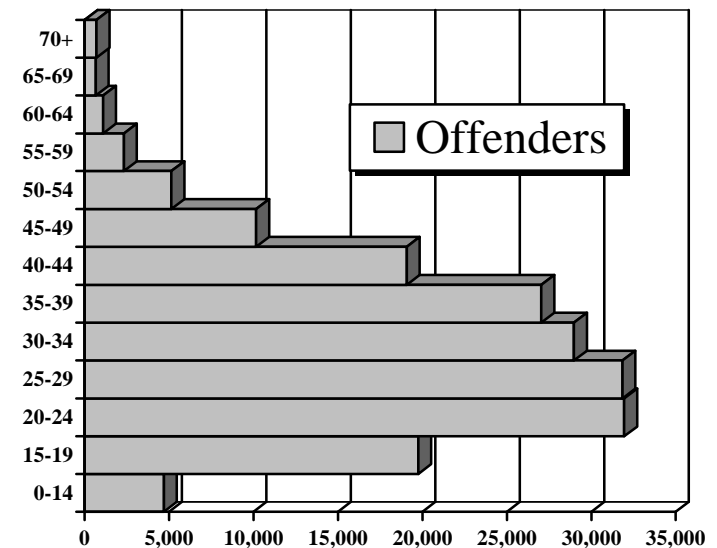
Family Violence			
	2000	1999	% Change
Reported Incidents	175,282	177,176	-1.1%
Reported Victims	189,615	192,202	-1.3%
Reported Offenders	185,977	186,265	-0.2%

VICTIM'S RELATIONSHIP			
Relation-ship Type	Group %	Relationship of Offender	Percent of Total
Marital	55.2%	Husband	5.6%
		Wife	25.3%
		Common-Law-Husband	3.1%
		Common-Law-Wife	17.2%
		Ex-Husband	0.8%
		Ex-Wife	3.2%
Parental/Child	15.4%	Father	1.8%
		Mother	5.0%
		Son	2.4%
		Daughter	3.4%
		Stepfather	0.7%
		Stepmother	0.2%
		Stepson	0.8%
		Stepdaughter	1.0%
		Foster Parent	0.04%
		Foster Child	0.02%
		Grandfather	0.09%
		Grandmother	0.3%
		Grandson	0.1%
Granddaughter	0.2%		
Other Family	29.4%	Brother	2.8%
		Sister	3.8%
		Stepbrother	0.1%
		Stepsister	0.1%
		Male Roommate	3.0%
		Female Roommate	9.0%
		Male In-Law	1.0%
		Female In-Law	1.4%
		Other Male Fam. Member	2.3%
		Other Female Fam. Member	4.9%
		Unknown Relationship – Male	0.08%
Unknown Relationship – Female	0.2%		

Offenders

In 2000, a reported 185,977 offenders were involved in incidents of family violence.

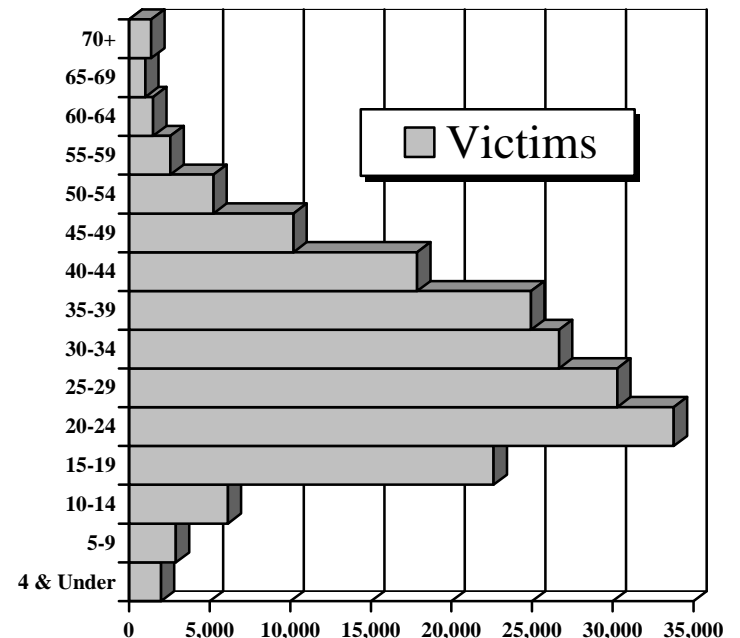
Family Violence Offenders by Known Age



Victims

Incidents of family violence in 2000 involved a reported 189,615 victims.

Family Violence Victims by Known Age



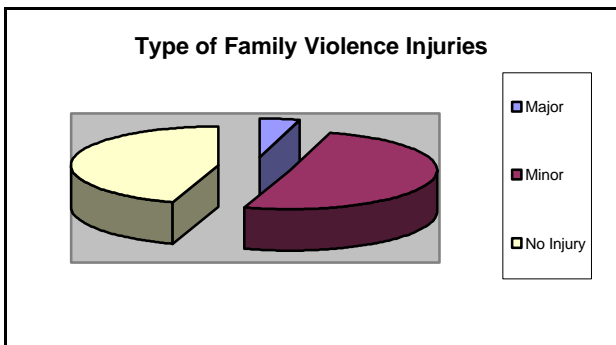
Officers

Potential assaults on peace officers are a serious problem inherent to police intervention and investigation of family violence. In 2000, during the course of reported family violence incidents, 615 Texas law officers were assaulted. By contrast, during this same period 4,935 assaults were made on law officers during all types of police activity.

Offenses

Family violence offense information falls into six general categories: assaults, homicides, kidnapping/abductions, robberies, forcible sex offenses, and non-forcible sex offenses. Of the six main categories, assaults accounted for 98 percent of all offenses.

Family Violence Offenses			
Type	Group %	Offense	%
Assaults	97.9%	Aggravated Assault	15.6%
		Simple Assault	73.2%
		Intimidation	9.1%
		Murder & Nonnegligent Manslaughter	0.07%
Homicides	0.08%	Negligent Manslaughter	0.008%
		Justifiable Homicide	0.003%
Kidnapping	0.2%	Kidnapping/Abduction	0.2%
Robbery	0.1%	Robbery	0.1%
		Forcible Rape	0.6%
Forcible		Forcible Sodomy	0.2%
Sex Offenses	1.7%	Sexual Assault with Object	0.1%
		Forcible Fondling	0.7%
Non-Forcible		Incest	0.03%
Sex Offenses	0.07%	Statutory Rape	0.04%

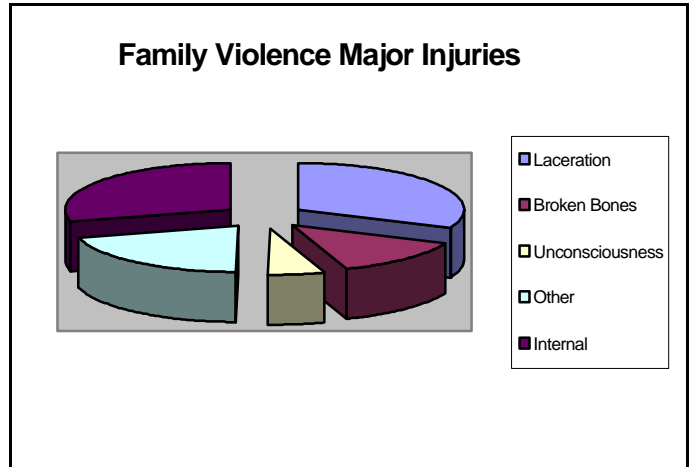


Injuries

Considering the injuries sustained by victims of family violence, it should be noted that the police officer who responds to the disturbance call determines the extent of injuries. Therefore, all injuries are considered to be apparent injuries at the time of the report. If later medical attention indicates that the injuries were more or less severe than noted by the responding officer, this information is not included in the family violence report. The majority of reported injuries (51 percent) were minor; in 45 percent of family violence reports "no injury" was recorded.

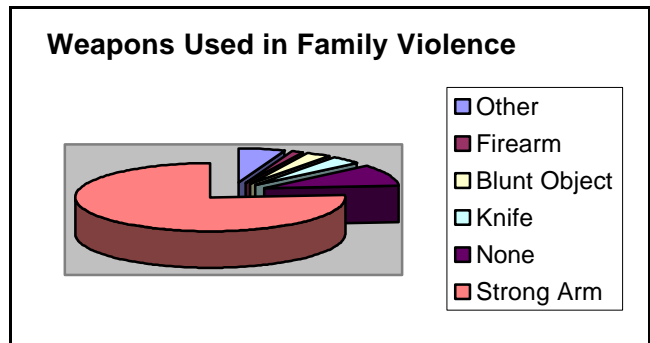
Major injuries were reported in 4 percent of the cases.

Of the apparent major injuries, severe lacerations were the most common at 32 percent, possible internal injuries were reported in 30 percent of the reports; and apparent broken bones were noted in 13 percent of the cases.



Weapons

The most common weapon involved in family violence cases was physical force through the use of hands, feet and fists (strong arm), which accounts for 77 percent of the incidents. The Texas Family Violence law considers the use of threats and intimidation to be serious enough to report and, thus, 9 percent of the reports were listed as involving no weapons. Knives or cutting instruments (4 percent), blunt objects (3 percent), firearms (1 percent) and other (6 percent) account for the remaining cases. Considered as other weapons were motor vehicles, poison, explosives, fire, drugs, unknown, and miscellaneous weapons.



**Crime In Texas Cities 50,000 to 100,000 Population
2000 vs 1999**

Agency	Year	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft	Total	% Change
Baytown PD	2000	3	30	75	131	578	2,229	209	3,255	+0.06%
	1999	3	42	88	140	553	2,188	239	3,253	
Bedford PD	2000	0	16	28	71	262	1,129	99	1,605	-2.8%
	1999	0	24	23	75	246	1,172	111	1,651	
Bryan PD	2000	5	58	65	312	1,003	2,810	231	4,484	+9.3%
	1999	2	71	57	257	769	2,738	209	4,103	
College Station PD	2000	2	38	19	75	309	2,139	84	2,666	+10.1%
	1999	2	35	14	73	273	1,928	97	2,422	
Denton PD	2000	2	36	72	160	567	2,263	133	3,233	-1.9%
	1999	2	51	74	196	530	2,305	139	3,297	
Flower Mound PD	2000	0	1	3	34	154	492	20	704	+23.1%
	1999	0	1	2	28	143	377	21	572	
Harlingen PD	2000	4	30	52	217	802	2,802	202	4,109	+7.2%
	1999	1	21	58	270	837	2,460	187	3,834	
Killeen PD	2000	9	51	156	359	1,037	3,379	212	5,203	+3.9%
	1999	2	52	113	362	1,290	2,935	256	5,010	
Lewisville PD	2000	1	28	46	93	472	2,375	301	3,316	+2.5%
	1999	2	29	41	107	489	2,314	254	3,236	
Longview PD	2000	9	81	152	232	1,087	3,156	430	5,147	+7.5%
	1999	6	62	121	204	889	3,063	442	4,787	
Missouri City PD	2000	1	8	29	58	322	763	83	1,264	-10.0%
	1999	0	13	44	43	324	912	69	1,405	
North Richland Hills PD	2000	1	24	29	134	319	1,796	142	2,445	+8.9%
	1999	0	17	27	71	327	1,603	201	2,246	
Odessa PD	2000	2	18	63	417	908	3,244	171	4,823	+0.9%
	1999	4	10	82	464	931	3,101	190	4,782	
Port Arthur PD	2000	2	33	156	240	878	1,220	344	2,873	-1.2%
	1999	5	24	126	271	752	1,433	296	2,907	
Richardson PD	2000	1	10	106	169	776	2,496	299	3,857	+5.8%
	1999	6	12	76	173	703	2,453	221	3,644	
Round Rock PD	2000	0	9	32	75	200	1,102	71	1,489	+41.4%
	1999	0	20	20	51	160	722	80	1,053	
San Angelo PD	2000	1	84	41	217	821	3,500	128	4,792	+8.6%
	1999	4	62	31	264	656	3,263	134	4,414	
Sugar Land PD	2000	1	6	31	57	334	1,300	69	1,798	-8.2%
	1999	1	3	61	46	303	1,439	105	1,958	
Temple PD	2000	1	12	37	127	581	1,825	152	2,735	-14.1%
	1999	1	22	49	124	620	2,106	263	3,185	
Victoria PD	2000	3	25	64	350	824	2,292	145	3,703	+9.7%
	1999	2	25	61	354	650	2,178	105	3,375	

**Crime In Texas Cities over 100,000 Population
2000 vs 1999**

Agency	Year	Murder	Rape	Robbery	Aggravated Assault	Burglary	Larceny Theft	Motor Vehicle Theft	Total	% Change
Abilene PD	2000	1	43	105	255	960	3,203	230	4,797	-3.7%
	1999	12	36	123	324	1,023	3,207	255	4,980	
Amarillo PD	2000	11	97	253	1,073	2,130	9,343	821	13,728	+1.5%
	1999	10	56	234	921	1,772	9,832	703	13,528	
Arlington PD	2000	14	96	595	1,452	3,141	14,106	2,076	21,480	+10.7%
	1999	11	109	546	1,285	3,180	12,556	1,720	19,407	
Austin PD	2000	33	352	1,006	1,683	6,394	26,519	2,711	38,698	-3.3%
	1999	27	242	1,023	1,684	6,996	27,257	2,794	40,023	
Beaumont PD	2000	12	137	400	524	1,551	5,025	594	8,243	-18.2%
	1999	12	160	351	800	2,051	5,903	805	10,082	
Brownsville PD	2000	6	29	181	696	1,227	8,893	388	11,420	+32.0%
	1999	4	26	166	587	1,227	6,289	351	8,650	
Carrollton PD	2000	0	8	68	132	781	2,406	314	3,709	+3.6%
	1999	0	12	59	168	734	2,291	317	3,581	
Corpus Christi PD	2000	17	193	437	1,457	3,537	12,979	1,389	20,009	-1.8%
	1999	15	194	388	1,888	3,521	12,859	1,510	20,375	
Dallas PD	2000	231	633	7,046	8,132	20,300	50,777	17,931	105,050	+0.1%
	1999	191	663	6,357	8,224	19,629	52,026	17,854	104,944	
El Paso PD	2000	20	188	731	3,457	2,228	25,605	2,443	34,672	-4.0%
	1999	14	185	715	3,366	2,496	27,052	2,307	36,135	
Fort Worth PD	2000	61	325	1,314	2,116	7,251	22,991	4,085	38,143	+2.1%
	1999	67	286	1,447	2,446	7,506	21,703	3,899	37,354	
Garland PD	2000	4	35	204	228	1,842	5,323	1,037	8,673	-2.0%
	1999	1	48	151	295	1,779	5,747	830	8,851	
Grand Prairie PD	2000	8	59	109	270	1,019	4,004	1,052	6,521	-2.6%
	1999	8	54	131	272	996	4,178	1,059	6,698	
Houston PD	2000	230	813	8,256	12,192	23,254	67,102	19,864	131,711	-0.05%
	1999	241	748	8,350	12,180	24,744	66,068	19,445	131,776	
Irving PD	2000	10	51	225	498	1,245	6,013	983	9,025	-2.0%
	1999	5	56	184	492	1,291	6,143	1,041	9,212	
Laredo PD	2000	10	65	181	716	1,749	9,875	788	13,384	+0.7%
	1999	8	57	167	597	1,853	9,494	1,116	13,292	
Lubbock PD	2000	12	141	248	2,107	2,648	8,734	603	14,493	+12.8%
	1999	14	124	307	1,949	2,352	7,410	696	12,852	
McAllen PD	2000	2	3	116	268	1,365	6,136	850	8,740	+10.5%
	1999	5	15	120	236	1,261	5,363	906	7,906	
Mesquite PD	2000	2	2	109	314	594	4,325	713	6,059	-1.5%
	1999	3	3	99	336	541	4,560	610	6,152	
Midland PD	2000	5	69	54	267	683	2,074	149	3,301	-9.6%
	1999	1	77	54	227	732	2,394	166	3,651	
Pasadena PD	2000	1	29	116	397	1,275	3,849	675	6,342	+0.1%
	1999	7	46	135	481	1,111	3,852	701	6,333	
Plano PD	2000	5	21	115	482	1,475	5,391	381	7,870	-0.3%
	1999	0	37	93	664	1,384	5,427	290	7,895	
San Antonio PD	2000	85	456	1,699	5,668	11,604	60,952	5,868	86,332	+12.4%
	1999	96	599	1,674	3,971	10,944	53,898	5,595	76,777	
Waco PD	2000	13	122	231	572	1,515	5,935	946	9,334	-4.6%
	1999	12	93	258	675	1,871	5,858	1,022	9,789	
Wichita Falls PD	2000	5	37	162	382	1,098	4,135	452	6,271	+5.0%
	1999	3	56	122	431	1,030	3,866	465	5,973	